

Reverendissimo

Co

Leges Illustrissimo Principi Jacobo Duce  
Eboraci & Albani &c  
Instituta & Ordinata

Ad Observandum in Territoriis America

Transcripta  
Anno Domini

1694

[vide Smiths History of New York [Albany Ed<sup>o</sup> 1694] pag. 123]

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Novae Eboracensis

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# Absence.

If any Justice of the Peace or High Constable shall be absent from the Sessions hold within that Riding where he inhabits or from the Generall Court of Assizes he shall pay for Every dayes absence 10. and Every party punished for each default shall pay 5. unless one of the Justices who shall be nominated by the Jury do give Attendance on the Court in his Place with the Constables Staffs. Provided also that it shall be Lawfull for the Justices upon the Bench to discharge any Constable from his Appearance, if they shall thinke fitt.

# Actions.

That all Actions of Debt account Bond. and Actions of the Case concerning Tolls and Accounts shall be tryed within that Jurisdiction where the Cause of Action doth arise.

In all Actions of what Nature soever not Exceeding the Value of 100. between Neighboures Arbitration of two Indifferent Persons of the Neighbourhood shall be allowed which Persons are to be nominated by the Constable of the Place before it be brought to a Court Court and if either or both Parties shall refuse upon any Protonce to stand to Arbitration then the Court shall determine the case if about that Value then the next Justice of the Peace upon the Complaint of the Party shall appoint Arbitration to both parties and if they accept thereof the Justice is to nominate the Arbitrators but if either Party refuse then the Justice is to give forth his Warrant as the Accours requireth.

In all Differences Under 5. not tryable in Sessions the Constable is to have 1. for nominating Arbitrators to whom if the Difference be referred they shall 4. vs. each if the Accours be brought to the Justice he shall have 4. vs. for nomination and the Arbitrators be appointed 4. vs. each.

In Towne Courts the Constables and Overseers are  
to give their Judgments by the Major Vote where Six  
with the Constable or Seven in his Absence are competent  
and Equivalent to a Jury: and the Constable upon Equall  
Division to have a Casting Voice.

That to prevent the Trouble of too frequent holding of  
Towne Court to a Court may be hold in Each Respective Towne  
at some Convenient Certain Time, Either once in 2 or 3 or more  
as shall be Judged most fit and if any shall desire to call a  
Court any other Time that then he pay for the Charge and  
Trouble thereof as it shall be Reasonably adjudged by the Court

The Fees belonging to the Towne Courts shall be halfe of  
what shall be allowed at the Sessions as the Fees of the Court of  
Sessions are halfe of the Fees of the Assizes.

All Accions and Causes from the Value of 5<sup>l</sup>. to 100<sup>l</sup>. shall be  
tried at the Sessions within that Jurisdiction from whence there is  
to be no Appeal unless the Debt Approach to be about the Sum  
of 10<sup>l</sup>. or more there is Dubiousness in the Expression of the Law  
which doubt made by one if it tends to the Casualty or Deceit of  
the other by the Person the Offending shall pay all the Charges

Titles of Land as well as other Accions are to be tried in  
Sessions unless being above the Value of 10<sup>l</sup>. they shall be  
ordered to be tried at the Assizes by the Speciall Warrant  
from the Governour.

Any Accions of Debt above the Value 10<sup>l</sup>. they shall be  
ordered to be tried at the Assizes by Speciall Warrant from  
the Governour.

Where the Originall plaint is Matter of Equity the Proceedings  
shall be by offering of Bills and Subscribing in Answer upon  
oath by Examination of Witnesses in like manner as is used in  
the Court of Chancery in England; and due regard must be had  
that the Defendant have timely Notice thereof, as is Appointed  
at the Common which is Eight Days warning before the Court  
shall sit.

All Actions of Assault or Battery, Breach of the Peace or  
the Like, are to be tryed at the Sessions Within the Jurisdiction  
where the Offence is Comitted, for which the said Justices of the  
Peace may take Warrant, or Comitt such Offender, to Prison till the  
next Sessions.

If any Person shall Pleade his Debt or Trespasse to be abroad  
and on the hearing, it shall Apppear to the Court to come  
under that Valuer, such Cause, the P<sup>l</sup> shall Lose his Accions  
and Pay the Defend<sup>t</sup> Costs.

Any Person removing his Suits by Petition or removing Cause, the P<sup>l</sup>  
shall pay the whole Charges of the Court and by Default to a  
Def<sup>t</sup>. shall if the Def<sup>t</sup> shall be in the fault the Court Charges  
shall be imposed on him.

Any Person falsely Pleading great Damages and Debts to vex his  
Adversary shall pay Treble Costs Damages.

The P<sup>l</sup> at the Entry of his Accion, shall Enter into a Recognizance  
to Pay ino Days Cost of a Jury, for each Accion that be Draught  
to be tryed at the Assize or Sessions.

All Accions shall be entered by the P<sup>l</sup> and filed in the Clerks  
Office with his Declaracion Eight Days before the Day of hearing  
to the end that the Defend<sup>t</sup> may if he please take a Copy  
thereof and provide his Answer, which is also to be filed by  
the said Def<sup>t</sup> and the Judgment is for the P<sup>l</sup> shall be Entoured on  
the Declaracion if for the Defend<sup>t</sup> upon the Answer and all Evidence  
concerning the Cause to be filed together, and remain in the  
hands of the Clerks.

Those that Live at great Distances from Courts are to have  
the heads of the P<sup>l</sup> Declaracion Left at the Place of their  
abode, as well as the Summons Eight Days before the  
Tryall.

The Plaintiff may have Liberty to Withdraw his Accion and be  
non-suited if hee so pleas; before the Jury have given  
their verdict; but hee shall pay full Costs and Charges to  
the Defendant.

Where an Accion hath been once Entered for Process in Court  
although the Differences shall be Compromised between the Parties  
before they come to a Tryall yett the Plaintiff shall Enter such a  
Groomant in the Bands of the Clerke of the Court and soe shall  
have Liberty to take his Accion off the file paying only for the  
Entry of the Agreement as for the Entry of the Accion upon  
forfeiture of 5. for each Sessions while his first entry of the  
Accion remains upon the file.

## Administration

Upon the Death of Any Person the Constable with two Overseers  
of the Parish shall repair to the house of the Deceased Party  
to Enquire after the Manner of his Death and of his will and  
Testament, and in Case None shall Appear, or shall be Produced  
it may be taken for granted that the Person dyed Intestate; and  
in the presence of the Widow, Children, and other Relations if  
Any such there be, or if any refuse to be Present it shall be  
Lawfull for the Constable in the presence of the Overseers to  
make a due Search and Inquiry after the Estate of the Deceased  
and within Eight and forty hours after he is to Deliver in  
writing and upon Oath his full Knowledge to the Next Justice  
of the Peace, and the said Justice of the Peace is Empowered to  
send out Warrants to take Security Against any Imbezzlement  
or Disposall of the said Estate under any penance whatsoever  
untill the Next Court of Sessions where all Causes of Administration  
within that Liberty shall be Adjudged.

The Estate of all Persons dying intestate who have neither  
Wife Reliance of Children Brothers or Sisters or their Children  
Uncles or Aunts or their Children for want of such Heirs shall  
Escheat to his Royall Highnes. Provided always that such  
Escheating shall not hinder the Lawfull Claims of any such  
Reliance as aforesaid if it be made Appoyed upon Oath  
to the Court Within one Year and six Weekes or two Yeares where  
the Party concerned inhabit out of the Countrey.

That no Administration be granted untill the Second Session  
after the Decesse. Except to the Widow or Child Brother or Sister  
to whom it may be immediately granted, ~~the said~~ Widow or Child  
Brother or Sister bringing Sufficient Security for the Performing  
of all things the Law requires and Saving the Court harmless.  
and in case the Widow or Child Brother or Sister doe Administ.  
the Estate shall be Inventoyed and Appoyment made by four  
men Appoynted by the Court and Sworn by a Justice of the Peace  
whiche Inventoy or Appoyment shall by the said Widow or  
Child Brother or Sister be brought into the next Court of Sessions  
unless the Court for reasons shewed them may think fit to grant  
Liberty to bring it in the Court following. But in case the Decedent  
dy. without Widow or Child Brother or Sister then the Estate for  
the better improvement thereof shall be sold by order of the Court  
at an Auction, and all the Purchasers shall put in Security and  
acknowledge Judgments for their Debts, which by the Court shall  
be Assigned to the severall Creditors of the Decedent and paid  
according to the priority of Law and the Surplusage remaining if  
any shall be Delivered to the next Assignee of the Decedent if he  
appear or if none appears himselfe such within one year and  
six Weekes or within two yeares where the Party concerned inhabit  
out of the Countrey then the Court to give an Account of the said  
Surplusage to the Govern. and when the Widow or Child  
Administ. the Surplusage after Debts paid and the funerall  
charges according to the Quality of the Person allowed for shall  
be Equally Divided betwixt the Widow and Child. Provided  
the eldest Sonne shall have a Double portion and where there be  
no Sonne the Daughters shall inherit as Apleas, and if any  
of the Children shall happen to dy, before it comes to a he his  
Portion shall be Divided Among the Surviving Children.

Whoever Pleads to Administer upon any Estate shall  
bring to the Court sufficient Security before the Order  
shall be granted, And an Order thus Obtained Legally by  
giving such Security to be truly Accomptable to bring in a  
true Inventory and to Performe such things as Administrators  
by Law are Enjoyed, shall not at any time after be removed  
unless the Party that Obtained the same by or for he hath given  
an Accompt of the Estate and obtained the QUICKUS in which  
Case the Court is Empowred to grant the Administration of such  
Estate to some other Person who may be  
virtue thereof call'd the Devises Executors or Administrators of  
the former Administrator to Accompt, who shall Pay out of the  
Deceased Administrators Estate all such Debts as shall be found  
due to the Estate to be Administrated upon in the first Place.

A QUICKUS is to be procur'd within a year and Six Weekes after  
a Licence granted, or will proved.

If any Person shall renounce his Executorship or that part of  
his Friends or Kindred of the Deceased party that shall Intestate  
shall seek for Administration of such Persons Estate, then the  
Constable of the Towne where such person shall dye shall give  
Notice thereof to the Court of Sessions that so the Court may take  
order thereon as they shall think most who shall also allow such Con-  
stable due recompence for his pains but if the Constable failes he shall  
forfeit xxxs.

If any Executors nominated in any will and knowing thereof shall not  
appear the same at the next Court of Sessions, which shall be about  
thirty dayes after the Decease of the Party, or cause the same to be recorded  
by the Recorder or Clerk of that Court with in which Jurisdiction  
such party the Deceased Party last dwelt, or if any other Person what-  
soever shall not within the same time take Administration of all  
such goods as he hath, or shall Enter upon of any Part of Deceased  
Alienest, or imbevel any Lands or goods before they have proved and  
recorded the will of the Deceased, or taken Adminiceion Every such Person  
Administ'ing or Executing shall be Lyable to be sued and shall be bound  
to Pay all such Debts respectively as the Deceased Party owed whether the  
Estate of the Deceased have sufficient for the same or not and shall also  
forfeit whatsoever shall be thought fit to be imposed by the Court  
of Sessions.

That the Clarke of the Sessions when he carries the Probates or  
Commissions of Admicon to be signed doth then also certify into the  
Recorders office, at New York the name of the Executor or the Party  
deceased the Executors or Administrators and their Surety of the County  
and Parish where he dwells and the Court where in the Admicon  
is granted to this end that the Strangers and other Creditors in debts  
in the Estate may be the better enabled to find out the Records in  
which the Receipt of the Estate is Entered and be informed how  
they may come by their Just Dues.

That all Originall Bills after having been proved at the Generall  
Court of Assizes or at the Sessions and returned into the office of Records  
at New York shall remaine there and the Executors or Administrators  
shall receive a Coppy thereof with a Certificate of their being Allowed  
Warranted under the Seals of the office PROVIDED always that the said  
Bills or Administrations be of such Estates as shall be of or about the  
value of one hundred Pounds but if they shall happen to be of more  
that value that then they be only recorded in the Countes where the  
Parties deceased and at the Sessions.

Wills to be proved and admicons granted in Sessions if the Estate  
be under the value of one hundred pounds shall pay one shilling, if  
one hundred pounds five shillings and six pence proportionally for shillings  
for each one hundred pounds towards the defraying of Court Charges.

Constables are to have a competent Allowance for the time they  
spend in search and inquiry after the Estate of the deceased to be made  
by the Justice of the Peace before whom he shall take his Oath  
of the truth of what he is to deliver in concerning the Estate.

That the Appraisors of the goods of any one dying intestate  
shall have Satisfaction allowed them by the Court of Sessions at the  
time of their Nomination.

Memorandum that what is therein spoken of Executors  
and Administrators the like is meant and intended also of  
Executors and Administrators who in such cases are to have  
the same Priviledges.

## Amerciaments

All amerciam<sup>t</sup> and fines that are not expressly Regulated because the Merit of the Cause or Offence cannot be foreseen shall not be imposed at the Discretion of the Court.

That all fines and Amerciaments to be collected by the Petty Constables who are to give in an Account of them to the High Constables Eight Days before the Sessions Entering and the High Constables shall give in their Accounts to the High Sheriffs Eight Days before the next Assizes.

## Appearance

It shall be Lawfull for the Pl<sup>t</sup> or Def<sup>t</sup> to take out a Supplic<sup>n</sup> from a Justice of Peace the High Sheriffs or their Sheriffs or Summons Writs to give in their Evidence in Case they will not Appear Voluntary (and the Writs for Summons shall for non Appearance at the Sessions be fined  $10$  and for non Appearance at the Assize forty Shillings or such other fine for punishment as shall be adjudged by the Court for Damages done to the Cause by his Non Appearance.

Provided that no man shall be Punished for Non Appearance at or before any Court or Court of Law for the Omission of any Office or Service if he shall be necessarily hindered by any Appearance Act or Provisions of Law which he could neither foresee nor avoid provided also that the Law shall not Prejudice any part of his Just Costs Damages in Civil Actions.

## Appeals

That no Justice of the Peace that hath sat as Judge or Doct<sup>r</sup> in any Inferiour Court in that Cause he is Appalled from shall be any Doct<sup>r</sup> in the Superior Court Appalled to but the Cause shall be Determined by such as are now ways engaged in the Cause by Judging or Determining freely, and in all Cases of Appeals the Court Appalled to shall give the Cause according to Law and Evidence and shall unless the Material Witnesses was not then in the County be necessarily hindered from giving in Evidence at the Assize only rectifying what is amiss therein and the true Matter of fact is found to agree with the former Court and the Judgment according to Law, not to reverse the Judgment or Sentence, but to abate or increase Damages as shall be thought right.

That in all cases of Appeals the Appellant do putt in good Security for prosecuting the Appeals and Payment of Damages to the Def. if the Appellant be fast in the Suits for his unjust Moléstia

If the Cause of Appeals be of a Criminal nature the party shall putt in Security for the good behaviour also until the bearing out of the Cause be Capitall and the p<sup>r</sup>son condemned shall Appeals be shall be kept in Payle till the next Assizes and then Prosecuted & tryed accordingly.

All Appeals with the Security aforesaid shall be recorded at the Chancery of the Pry Appoyning and Certified to the Court to which they are made and the Pry Appoyning shall briefly in Writing under his own or his Attorneys hand give into the Clerks of the Court from which he did Appeals the grounds and reasons of his Appeals eight days before the beginning of the Court to which he did Appeals to which Court the said Clerks shall returne the said Writing and give Copies thereof to the Def. and whosoever shall Appeals from the Sentence of any Court and not prosecute the same to Effect according to Law shall besides his bond to the Pry forfeit to his Royal Highness five for every such Neglect.

The Security to be given for prosecuting of Appeals shall be taken by the Court the party Appeals from and before the Prosecution of any other Suits at the Assizes Security shall be given into the Clerks of the Assizes.

All Appeals are to be made by way of Petition to the Governour and Council and the Appellant shall pay 10. upon the delivery of his Petition on or about 5. to the Clerks of Assizes for entering the Appeals.

## Appreiment of Goods.

That the Def. and Def. shall chuse each of them two Indifferent men for that purpose and in case of disagreement the said Def. or any three of them shall chuse an Imparialis for chosen shall be sworn by the next Justice of Peace to Appreie such goods Indifferently, and his Impariage to be final and if the Def. or Def. shall not Appoint Appreiers within three days after Execution is showed Notice being given them by the Sheriff: or when it was directed that then the Sheriffs in such such cases of Neglect shall chuse and Appoint Appreiers either for the Pry or Def. for Appreying the goods aforesaid upon Execution as aforesaid.

The Pines who shall be nominated and chosen Appraisors of  
good hand or otherwise they shall be taken in Execution and  
to be allowed 4. s. pound for what shall be by them so appraised  
which is to be paid by the Party cast in the Suits and taken  
Accordingly.

That before such Appraisal the Sheriffs shall remove the  
goods out of the Possession of the aforesaid Party cast and the  
Surplusage if any be is to be returned to him but after Apprai-  
ment made as aforesaid the property to rest in the Sheriffs for  
the use of the Creditor to whom the Sheriffs shall give notice  
that he may take them into his own Possession and because there  
can be no Return against the record the Sheriffs shall make  
Return of the Execution to the Clerks of the Assizes or Sessions  
that signed by Order of the Court by him to be entered upon  
Record under the Order it was issued upon that so the Satisfaction  
as well as Judgm. may be authentically proved if Occasion Requires

## Arrest

That no Sheriffs or other Officers shall execute any Writs  
or Warrant upon any Person or Persons either upon the Sabbath Day  
upon the Day of Humiliation for the Death of our Late King or  
upon the Day appointed for Thanksgiving for his Majesty's happy  
Restoration or upon the first Day of November provided  
always that it shall and may Lawfull for the Sheriffs or any  
other Officer to apprehend and carry to prison any Person or  
Person for Treason Felony and Breach of the Peace or Escaped  
out of prison when under Execution upon any Day at any Place  
any thing in this Law to the contrary notwithstanding all that comes  
to the Sessions or Assizes for publick Service or upon Compulsion  
upon Complaint or Examination of the Matter by Oath shall be freed  
from any Arrest during their Occasions so long as the Court  
sits.

All Arrest Writs Warrants and Proclamations are to be  
in his Royall High<sup>ness</sup> name.

NOR Person shall be arrested for any Debt or fine until the time that the Debt or fine shall become due is expired unless it doth appear upon Oath that the Debtor doth intend to Convey himself away or purposes to avoid the Acc<sup>n</sup> and Defraud his Creditors in which case he shall not be arrested but by Speciall Warrant.

NOR High Sheriff or Justice of the Peace may at any time grant a Speciall Warrant but during the time of the sitting of the Court of Sessions the whole bench may grant it.

If any Suits or Acc<sup>n</sup> depends between any two Persons of our Countie the one shall not cause the other to be arrested in any other Jurisdiction upon any pretence but by Speciall Warrant Provided that the priviledge of the Corporation of the City of New York be not infringed but that it shall and may be Lawfull for any of the Inhabitants thereof to arrest a Debtor in the said City though the Place of his abode shall happen to be in any other Towne within this Government and the person so arrested to sue and implead in the City Court any Law to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Whoever shall upon any pretence of Deb<sup>t</sup> or Trespass Arrest any Person with intent to Disenable him from giving in Testimony in any Cause depending or from prosecuting any Suits in which he shall be engaged shall be punished by Fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the Court and the Person so arrested shall be set at Liberty neither shall the Cause for want of such Evidence whilst he is arrested be adjudged to the prejudice of either Pl<sup>t</sup> or Def<sup>t</sup>.

Any Person under Arrest except in Cases not Bayliffed may be set at Liberty to prosecute Answer or give in Evidence at the Sessions or at the Pleas if Security being given for his returne to Prison and in Case no Bail or Security can be given the Court may send for the party by Speciall Warrant.

NOR mans person shall be longer imprisoned for Debt or fine when he can find Surety for his Answering the Suit or paying the Debt and if it shall appear to the Court that the Debtor impleaded hath a competent means to give Satisfaction out of his Estate real or personall for the said Debt then the Court shall discharge the Person and Secure the Pl<sup>t</sup> Debt out of the Def<sup>t</sup>'s Estate.

All Persons of known Estates who to get Strife & avoid  
the Payment of their Just Debts if Arrested and Imprisoned  
shall be kept at their own Charge and not the P<sup>ts</sup> List -  
Security be given or Satisfaction made PROVIDED that no  
man's Person shall be kept in Prison for Debt or fine Longer  
then the second Day of the next Sessions after the Arrest -  
unless the P<sup>ts</sup> shall make it appear that the Person Arrested  
hath some Estate which he will not produce in which case  
the Court may authorize an Oath to be administered to the Party  
or any other Suspected to be Privy in concealing his Estate  
and the Court shall also order if no Estate ~~shall~~ be found  
that the Debtor shall satisfy his Deb<sup>t</sup> by Services of the  
Creditor so require as also the Charges of his Arrest  
and Imprisonment.

## Assessments

All Assessments shall be made by the Constable and the Eight  
Freeholders of the Parishes Proportionally to the Estates of the  
Inhabitants in the Town or Parish where such Assessment -  
is to be made and Every Inhabitant who shall not contribute -  
to all Charge both Civil and Ecclesiasticall proportionally to  
the rate so assessed shall be compelled thereto by Attachment  
or distress of goods to be Levied by the Constable PROVIDED  
that no man shall be Attached for Estate real or Personal  
which Lyeth not within the same Town or Parish where  
he is Assessed.

That the Justices of the Peace only shall be Exempt from  
paying any Publick Assessment in the Parish where they Inhabit  
during the time of their bearing Office Paym<sup>t</sup> to the Church  
only Excepted.

The Town of Assheton shall be certified in Writing into  
the Sessions and the Justices are empowered to release any  
inhabitant by Abatement who shall make it appear that  
he is overcharged.

In Case of the Necessary or Casuall absence of one two or more  
of the Overseers whose Names or other Duties are to be  
performed relating unto the Constables and the Eight Overseers  
it shall be Lawfull for the Constables and former Overseers to  
act and determine as if the whole Number were Present &  
if any one Overseer shall happen to dye during the Term of his  
of his office, it shall be Lawfull for the rest of the Overseers  
by the Major Vote to chuse Another in his place and hee shall  
be chosen upon the same Conditions as the said office shall be  
the Towne Ten pounds towards the paying of the Charges

## Assault

Assaults are made either by Blows or offering of Hurtfull  
Blows or at Least by Threatings and menacing Speeches  
to rebuke an Officer with foul words so that hee depart  
with feare without doing his office shall be taken for an  
Assault.

A Servant or Workman convicted by Confession or two  
witnesses for Assaulting his Ma. Dame or Overseer shall be  
Imprisoned till the next Sessions where hee shall be brought  
to answer for the fault and to receive what Corporall  
Punishment the Court shall Judge Saving Life & Member

In defence of himselfe his wife father or Mother Child  
or Servants a man may Lawfully use force to resist any  
Attempt made to that Purpose

## Assize

The generall Court of Assizes shall be hold but once  
in the yeare which shall begin on the Last Thursday in  
September at New Yorks unless it shall be called speciall  
Warrant at some other time to hear and determine  
some Extraordinary Cause which requires a speedy dispatch

None other Process shall Issue forth for the tryal of  
actions at the Generall Assizes but the Generall speciall  
Warrant Except in Cases of Appeals

Upon information of any Court of Sessions to the Govern.  
and Council of any Capitall offence. Where the Court  
of Assizes shall happen to be within two Months time  
after such information the Govern. and Council shall  
give forth a Warrant and Commission for the more speedy  
tryall of such an Offender.

### Attachment & Summons.

It shall be in the Liberty of every P<sup>ty</sup> to take out  
either Summons or Attachment against any Person  
Provided that no Attachment shall be granted in any  
Civill Action before the P<sup>ty</sup> hath given sufficient Security  
or Caution to prosecute his Action and to Answer the Def<sup>t</sup>  
such Costs at the Court shall Award him.

That in all Attachm<sup>ts</sup> of goods and Chattels or of Lands  
and Hereditaments Legal Notice shall be given to the Party  
or Left in Writing at his house or usual place of Abode  
otherwise the Writ shall not proceed notwithstanding if he be  
out of the Jurisdiction the Cause shall proceed to tryall but  
Judgment shall not be Entered before the next Court and if  
the Def<sup>t</sup> do not then Appear Judgment shall be Entered  
~~before the next Court and before the next Court~~  
But Execution shall not be granted before the P<sup>ty</sup> hath given  
Security to be Responsible to the Defond<sup>t</sup> if he shall recover  
the Judgm<sup>t</sup>. Within one year or such further time as the  
Court shall Limit.

That no Sumons Pleading Judgm<sup>t</sup> or any kind of Proceedings  
in Courts or Courts of Justice shall be Abated Arrested or  
Redressed upon any kind of Circumstantial Errors or Mistakes  
if the P<sup>ty</sup> and Cause be rightly Understood and intended  
By the Court and in all Cases where the first Summons are not  
served eight days unclusively before the Court and the Case  
briefly specified in the Warrant where Appearance is to be made  
By the Party Sumoned it shall be at his Liberty whether he  
will appear or not Excepting Cases that are to be handled in  
Court suddenly called on extraordinary occasions by special  
Warrant.

# Attorney

That no Justice of the Peace whilst he is in Com. be an Attorney in any case.

That no High Sheriffs Under Sheriffs High Constables or Petty Constables or Clerks in the Court shall be Permitted to Plead as an Attorney in any Pleas or Suits in the Court where no Officers are provided always that if any person not able to Plead his Cause shall request the Court to Assign him the High Sheriffs Under Sheriffs High Constables Petty Constables or Clerks to plead for him it shall be Lawfull for the Court to grant it and for the Person to plead Accordingly but the Person so pleading the poor mans Cause is not to give Judg<sup>m</sup> provided also that any High Sheriffs under Sheriffs or High Constables Petty Constables or Clerks acting as Generall Attorneys for any Person absent out of the Country and negotiating their Affairs and soe Liable to be Sued for their Employers such Persons shall have Liberty also to Plead and Prosecute in any Cases that shall in any way concern their said Employers.

# Bailement.

As the Lawing and Delivering a man from Prison before he hath satisfied the Law by finding Surety to answer which is Justificable by Law.

The Person Bayled is to be Delivered into his Sureties Hands.

If the Sureties afterwards shall Doubt the Escape of the Prisoner Bayled a Justice of the Peace (upon Prayer) may discharge the Sureties and Commit the Party to Prison until he finde other Sureties such as the Justice shall Accept.

To Bayle one not baylable is a Negligent Escape in the Justice of Peace or in any other Person authorized to take Bayle.

To Bayle one contrary to Law is finable which is to be Interpreted for Bayling Persons Comitted either by Speciall Warrant or for Capitall Offences.

## Barratry

If any man be Indicted proceed and Judged a Common Barratry  
by vexing others with unjust frequent and needless Sutes it  
shall be in the Power of the Court both to reject his Cause  
and Punish him for his Barratry by fine or Imprisonment.

## Ballast

That no Ballast shall be taken from any Towns shires  
by any Person whatsoever without Allowance under the hands  
of the Constable and two Overseers upon the Penalty of Six  
Pounds for Every Shovell full taken (unless such Stones as  
as they had Laid there before) and that no Ship or other  
Vessel shall cast out any Ballast in the Channell or other Place  
inconvenient in any Harbour within this Governmt. upon the  
Penalty of ten Pounds.

## Bills

That any Debt or Debts due upon Bills or other Specialty  
Assigned to another shall be as good Asset and Estate to the  
Assignee as it was to the Assignor at the time of its Assignment  
and that it shall be Lawfull for the said Assignee to sue  
for and recover the said Debt due upon Bill and so Assignor  
as full as the Original Creditor might have done Provided  
the said Assignment be made upon the backside of the Bill or  
Specialty or on some paper or Parchment Annexed to it.

## Bond Slavery

None Christian shall be kept in Bond Slavery Villinage or  
Captivity Except such as shall be Judged therunto by Authority  
or such as willingly have sold or shall sell themselves in which  
case a record of such Scuritade shall be Entered in the Court of  
Sessions hold for that Jurisdiction where such Master shall  
Inhabit Provided that nothing in this Law contained shall be to

10  
The Prejudice of Master or Dame who have or shall by any Indenture  
or Covenant take apprentices for Terms of years or Life and also  
Provided that this Law shall not extend to Sell at Liberty any Negro or  
Indian Servant who shall Turn Christians after they have been bought  
By any Person.

## BOUNDS.

That Every Town shall Set out their Bounds within Twelve  
months after their Bounds are granted and that when their  
Bounds are Set out once in these years three of the Overseers  
of the Town (appointed by the Next Justice) shall Appoint with the  
Adjacent Towns (the Antientest to give Notice to the Neighbour  
Towns to go the Bounds betwixt their said Towns and Renew  
their Marks.

The Time and Ambulation to be betwixt the Frontiers and Last  
of Hobbys and at the Charge of Each Particular Town upon the  
Penalty of five pounds for Every Town that shall Neglect the  
same.

If any Particular mans Towns Lot or Lands Lying in Common with  
Others and he shall refuse to go the Bounds betwixt his Lands and  
other mens ones upon being requested thereunto upon one Weekes  
Warning he shall forfeit for Every day so Neglecting ten Shillings  
one half to the Party Mousing there to and the other half to  
the Town.

AND whereas many Contentions Sutes doe Arise about the  
Bounds Limits and Titles to Lands appertaining Either to Towns  
or Particular Persons occasioned Much through the Misskillfulness or  
fraud of Pretended Surveyors.

App Prouision wherof for the future no Surveyor of Lands shall  
Give a Plan of any Lands Surveyed by him unto any other Person or  
Persons whatsoever then such as employd him within Six months after  
such Plan is Drawn according to the Survey and that one Plot shall  
be Drawn describing the Bounds and Limits of the Towns shall be  
Kept in the Records of Each Particular Town and another Plot shall be  
Delivered into the Clarke of the Court of Sessions to which that Town  
Relates within seven months after the Survey shall be made.

All Lands Patents Bounds and Limits of Towns are to be Recorded in  
the Office of Records at New York: as well as in Each Particular Town and  
all the Sessions.

# Brewers

That no Person whatsoever shall hence forth vend or  
take the Cask or Works of Brewing Beer for Sale But only  
such as are known to have Sufficient Skill or Knowledge in the  
Art or Mystery of a Brewer that if any Undertaker for Vending  
for Ships or other Vessels or Master or Owner of any such Vessel  
or any other Person shall make it appear that they have bought  
of any Person within this Government Beer or Ale unfit and not com-  
and useful for their Supply, either through the Insufficiency of the  
Malt or Brewing or by any other Cause the Person brought thereby  
shall be and is enabled hereby to recover Equal and Sufficient Damages  
by Action against the Person that put the Beer to Sale.

# Births Marriages & Burials.

That the Names and Surnames of every Inhabitant within this  
Province within this Government shall be Registered and so  
that further Inconveniencies which may arise about the Age of Inhabitants  
the certain Marriages of men and women or the Deaths of Persons  
imported into this Country whereof no Positive Certificate appears as  
to the Age of one Marriage or another or Death of the other the  
Minister or Town Clerks of every Parish shall well truly & plainly  
record all Births Marriages or Burials that shall happen within  
their respective Parishes in a Book to be provided by the Churchwardens  
for that Purpose and if any Master of a family or other Person concerned  
shall omit the giving Notice to the said Minister or Town Clerks of  
the Birth Marriages or Death of any of him or them relating the Species  
of one Month such Person for his Neglect shall be fined five Shillings  
and the Minister or Town Clerks shall ~~not~~ have for his Entry  
of such Birth Marriages or Death four Pence and if the Minister or  
Town Clerks shall neglect Entirely the same as aforesaid he shall be  
fined as aforesaid upon Discovery made thereof to the use of the Parish  
five Shillings also.

# Burials.

Whereas the Private Burials of Servants and others gives  
Occasion of much Scandal against several Persons and some times  
and usually of being guilty of their Deaths from which if the Person  
suspected is innocent there can be no vindication nor if guilty  
no Punishment by reason they are for the most Part buried

Without the Knowledge or Consent of Any Officers then such of the family  
as by Appointment of the Coronor as Substant his or Child and Willing or as  
Servants and free fall to make discovery of murder or other crimes committed  
criminally to themselves and for the greater Decency of Burialls there shall  
be in Every parish within this Government one or more Places Appointed  
according to the Patent of the Parish to be set apart and fenced  
in for Places of Publique Burialls and before the Corps be Buried  
there shall be three or four of the Neighbours called of which one  
is to be one of the Overseers of the Parish who may in case of Suspicion  
open the Corps and if none govt according to the Decent Customs of  
Christianity they may Accompany it to the grave, and that no Person  
whether free or Servant shall be Buried in Any other Place than  
those so appointed, unless such who by their own Appointment  
in their Life time have signified their Desire of being Buried in  
the Buriall Place of some other Parish.

## Capital Lawes.

If any Person within this Government shall by Direct Express-impious  
or Contumacious ways deny the true God and his Attributes he shall  
be Put to Death.

If any Person shall Commit any wilfull and Premeditated Murder the  
Like.

If any Person slayeth another with a sword or Dagger who hath not  
Weapon to defend himselfe the Like.

If any man or woman shall Ly with any Beast or brute Creatures by  
Carnall Copulation the Like, and the Beast shall be burned.

If any one slay or Cause another to be Slaine by Lying in waites  
Privily for him or by poisoning him or any other such wicked Conspiracy  
the Like.

If any man Lyeth with man Kinde as he Lyeth with a woman they both  
shall be Put to Death unless the one Party were forced or seduced  
fourteen years of Age, in which Case he shall be Punished according  
to the Discretion of the Court of Assizes.

If any man forcably Steale or Carrieth away any man or man Child  
he shall be Put to Death.

If any Person bear false Witness Maliciously and on Purpose to  
take away a mans life the Like.

If any man shall Treasonously deny his Maj. <sup>Right and title to</sup>  
his Crown and Dominions or shall trait. Arms to Rebels his  
Authority the Like.

If any Child or Children above Sixteen years of Age of sufficient Understanding shall smite their Natural Father and Mother or Law Parents Provoched and forced for their Sells Preservation from Death or Maiming at the Complaint of such Father and Mother and not otherwise they being sufficient Witnesses thereof that Child or Children so offending shall be Put to Death.

If any man Treasonously conspires or Publickly Attempts to invade the Liberties Any Towns or Counties North or South within this Government he shall be Put to Death.

If any Person within this Government shall Commit Burglary by breaking up any Dwelling house or shall rob any Person in the Field or Highways the first offence shall for the first offence be branded on the forehead for the second offence he shall be branded as before and severely whipt and for the third offence he shall be put to Death.

If any Person shall rob any Orchard or Garden or shall Steal away any Linnen Wollen or other goods Lost without doors or shall willfully deface or Spoil any Dwelling house or Out house or any Part thereof or any thing belonging thereto he shall pay Treble Damages or be whipped.

If any Person shall Steal from any Other any Cows Goods or Chables to the value of Ten Shillings or upwards he shall be whipt or pay such a fine at the Court shall be adjudged to satisfy the Damages with the Costs and Charges of Court and it is also Left to the discretion of the Court to Appoint Smaller Mults or Punishments for smaller Offences of that kind.

That the Constables by Warrant from a Justice of the Peace or upon Suddaine occasion without Warrant) having with him the Staffs of the office may make Search in any house or Place suspected both for the offender and for the goods stolen, and whosoever hearing his goods stolen shall privately receive them, and shall not Legally Receive the the offender he shall forfeit to the Publick use the goods so stolen or the value of them.

Every married Person or Persons who shall be found or proved by Confession of Party or sufficient Testimony to have committed Adultery with another man or Woman shall be Proceeded Against according to the Lawes of England by Divorce, (if said) Corporall Punishment fine or Imprisonment.

12  
Every single Person or Persons who shall be found or proved  
of the Confession of Parties or Sufficient Testimony to have committed  
Fornicall Copulation with a married man or woman they both shall  
be grievously fined and Punished as the Governour and Councell or  
the Court of Assizes shall thinke most not Extending to Life or  
and Member.

## Cattle Corne Fences Fences.

Every Person Intereposed in the Improvment of Common fields or  
any field inclosed for Cattle or other Necessary use from time to time  
make and keepe his Parts of the fence sufficiently strong and in  
Constant repairs to secure the Cows and other fruits thereon and shall  
not putt Cause or permit any Cattle to be put in so Long as any Cows  
or other fruits shall be growing or remaining upon any Parts of the Land  
so Inclosed unless by some General Express Agreement of such as are  
Intereposed.

And if at any time the Owners or Occupiers of any such Inclosed  
cannot or do not Agree in any part of the Premises then upon due and  
reasonable Notice given to the Constables and Overseers of the Town they  
shall Appoint a convenient Time to heare and order such Differences &  
to settle a Duoway of fences improving and Preserving such fields and  
the fruits of them and who ever shall oppres and Transgress shall be  
Liable to all Damages proved to grow thereby and to such further fine for  
breach of Order as the Overseer shall Judge meet and the said Constables  
and Overseers shall from yeare to yeare Appoint one two or more of the  
Planters for all or each Common field belonging to the Town to view the  
Dwell to view the Common fences within their Trust and to take due Notice  
of the real Defect and insufficiency thereof and shall forthwith Appoint the  
Overseer with the same and if the said Owners or Occupiers do not at  
Further within six days or sooner if the said Constables or Overseer see Cause  
and so Appoint sufficiently repairs or cause the same to be repaired  
he or they shall forthwith upon the Demand of the Overseer or Overseers  
besides their Just Damages pay as a fine to the Town twelue Pence for every  
Rood if there be a considerable quantity of such defective fences together  
or for every single Defect in such faulty fences or the said Overseer or  
Overseers taking due Witness of the Defect may) if it shall thinke convenient  
forthwith repairs or renew them or cause them to be repaired or renewed  
and shall have double recompence for the same to be paid (besides other  
Just Damages) by the Owners or Occupiers of the said insufficient fences or  
fences and in either case of payment be Delayed or Delayed the said  
Constables and Overseers shall Levy the same forthwith upon the Estate  
of the Delinquent to the use of the Town or Overseers.

AND where Lands Lye in Common or Common if one man shall improve  
his Land by fencing in several and others none improved shall not  
be who shall improve shall fence that Land from other mens Cattle  
Ornely Cattle & Excepted, who shall Compell no man to make any fence  
with him Except he also improve in several and where one man shall  
improve before his Neighbour and so make whole fence of his Land  
his Neighbour shall after improve he shall then satisfy the half the others  
fence against him According to the Great Value and shall maintain  
the same and the first man shall after Lay open his fence or Land  
then the said Neighbour shall both enjoy the said half fence Purchase  
and shall have Liberty to buy the other half fence against his Land  
paying According to the Great Worth as it shall be valued by two men  
the Justice of the Peace and the like Order shall be taken any man shall  
improve Land against or adjoining to a Common Provided this  
Extend not to those Lands in which if one shall improve his Neighbour or  
Neighbour at a Compellable to make and maintain one half of the fence  
between them whether he or they improve or not PROVIDED also that no  
man shall be liable to Damages done in any ground not sufficiently fenced  
and himself not interested in the defect of fence of some Party of it  
Except the Damages were done by ~~Prohibited~~ or Ornely Cattle of any sort  
in which case Swine are included which cannot be nor pained by ordinary  
fence or where any shall Unwarily put in Cattle of what sort so  
ever what colour or Provenance whatsoever or otherwise willfully trespass  
upon his Neighbours grounds.

All Cattle and hogs shall be marked with the Publique marks of  
the Town to which they belong and the Private marks of the Land  
and when they are sold to any other Town the Purchaser shall save  
the Towns marks of the place where he inhabits besides his own  
Particular mark: to be set on over the marks of the Town from which  
he bought them.

All those who shall have their Cattle marked with the Towns shall pay  
to the officer that marked two pence by head.

All horned beasts shall be marked upon the Horns with the Towns  
marks to which they do belong.

That whatsoever Swine or greater Cattle (horses Excepted) shall  
be found in the Woods or Commons Unmarked are Liable to be seized and  
sold either private or otherwise presented and brought to the owner  
shall pay for each Swine Unmarked 3-4 of which half the fine to  
the Pounder or Prosecutor and the Rest to the Constable and  
prossors.

13  
But if the owner be not known or found Every such Swine or  
Cows of a greater kind to be duly Cared that the owner may take  
notice to Claim his Interest and Pay the fines and Charges but yet  
if not owner be found then after the Appoyment by two Indifferant  
men Chosen by the Constables and Overseers of the Place and the same  
recorded in the Court of Sessions Sale to be made so far as the  
fines and Charges may be fully paid and the remainder kept by the  
Constables till the Owner be known and the rest of such Swine or  
Cattle being first marked with a Publick Towne mark or brand with  
some distinction from the marks of the Peculier men to be againe  
turned into the Woods.

That no owner of Cattle of what kind soever after knowledge  
or notice given that any Cattle of his whether horse other beast or  
swine is unlawfully in respect of forests shall suffer any such to goe either  
in Commons or Against the Forests or other appropriated inclosed  
grounds Forests as aforesaid but shall either immediately keep them  
upon his own ground within sufficient fence at his own or Purches  
keep upon each of them such Shackles and fetters or yokes and Rings  
as may sufficiently from time to time restrain and prevent the same  
or shall pay all Damages and Charges whether in Court or otherwise  
with hurt in other Forests Expenses of time and both in catching penning  
driving out and bringing home any such unlawfully Cattle of what kind  
soever with such further fine for breach of Order and Court Charges  
if the Party be putt to recovery it shall stand as the Court of Sessions shall  
Judge meet.

For impounding of Cattle for Trespass upon Grass or Meadow ground  
for each head or Mare Bull or Cow above two years old to be Paid  
as aforesaid to the Constables &c.

For all calves under two years old and for sheep or hogs  
head & body PROVIDED always that the said sheep or hogs be  
taken in the Trespass then to pay as aforesaid and not otherwise

Provided also that it shall be Left to the Peculiere Lawes of  
Towne shires to allow what more they shall thinke fit to give for the  
impounding of Cattle then is before Expressed.

Moreover the owners of the said Cattle sheep or hogs shall  
Pay Just Costs for the Marshment of them so Impounded till they  
be either bailed to answer or shall compound for the Trespass before  
it comes to the Court.

Although it be in the Constables Power yet he shall not  
grant a w<sup>o</sup>l<sup>o</sup>u<sup>o</sup> without two Overseers who are to take  
Security to answer the Propane and if the C<sup>o</sup>l<sup>o</sup> impounded  
be worth 5. or above the Anne shall pay 5. if under shall  
pay 1. for the w<sup>o</sup>l<sup>o</sup>u<sup>o</sup> but if the Party Damaged shall agree  
with the Propane then to pay only for impounding as aforesaid.

## CAUSES.

The charge of the Pyall of each cause shall be as followeth.  
viz. every cause of or under 5. shall pay 2. 6. from 5. & under  
10. from 10. and under 20. 15. from 20. under 40. 20. and  
for every 10 more above 40. 2. 6. the m<sup>o</sup>ny to be Laid is to  
goe towards the defraying of Court Charges.

That all causes shall be heard by the according to their priority  
of Entrance and if it shall happen that the Justice have L<sup>o</sup>rd  
and can dispatch the cause of which due entry was made before the  
time of Justice is expired it shall be Lawfull for the Justice to  
hear and determine any other cause or causes Acc<sup>o</sup>ns or Complaints  
in as full and ample manner as if due entry had been made with  
Parties being agreed to come to an Issue any thing to the contrary in  
any other Law notwithstanding.

## CHURCH

Whereas the Publick worship of God is much disordered for  
want of painfull and able Ministers to instruct the People in the  
true Religion and for want of some Synodical Places Capable to  
receive any number or Assembly of People in a decent Manner for  
celebrating Gods wholly Ordinances their ensuing Lawes are to be  
observed in every Parish Church.

That in each Parish within this Govern<sup>t</sup> a Church be builded in  
the most convenient parts thereof Capable to receive & accomodate  
two hundred Persons.

That such Churches shall be built within three years after the  
first Generall Assizes to which end a towns rate may be made  
to begin the first Year.

That for the Making and repairing the Lyeys and Altars  
for building and repairing the Church Pews for the pious Mainte-  
nance for the Ministers as well as for the managing of speciall affairs  
in other Cases Express'd Eight of the most able men of each Parish to  
be the Major part of the householders of the said Parish chosen to  
be Overseers out of which number the Pastors and the aforesaid Eight  
Overseers shall yearly make choice of two of the said number to be  
Churchwardens and in Case of the Death of Any of the Overseers and  
Churchwardens or his or their Departure out of the said parish the  
the said Pastors and Overseers shall make choice of another to  
supply his room.

Every overseer is to take the Oath of fidelity at the time of his  
admittance into his office in the presence of the Minister Pastors  
and Overseers of the Parish before the Oath of his office.

So private scandalous ignorant preachers to the Ministry from  
suspecting themselves as Teachers nor Ministers shall be admitted to  
be Officers within this Government but such as shall produce Testimonials  
to the Governour that he hath received ordination either from some  
Protestant Bishop or Minister within some part of his Maj<sup>ties</sup> Dominions  
or his Dominions of some foreign prince of the reformed Religion upon  
which Testimonials the Governour shall induce the said Minister into the parish  
that shall make pretence of him as duly elected by the Major parts of  
Inhabitants Freeholders Householdors.

That the minister of each parish shall constantly Every Sunday Preach  
and shall also pray for the King Queen Duke of York and Royal family  
and Every person affronting or disturbing any congregation on the  
Lords Day and such publique days of fast and thanksgiving as are  
appointed to be observed after the presentment thereof by the Church  
wardens to the Sessions and due conviction thereof he shall be punished by  
fine or Imprisonment according to the merit and Nature of the offence  
and Every Minister shall also Publicly administer the Sacrament of the  
Lords Supper Once Every Year at Least in his parish Church notwithstanding  
the private benefit thereof to persons that for want of health shall  
require the same in their houses under the penalty of Loss of Proficiency

That no minister shall refuse the Sacrament of Baptisme to the children of  
Christian parents when they shall be presented under Penalty of Loss of  
Proficiency

Ministers may marry Persons after Legall Publication or sufficient  
Lycence.

Legall Publication shall be so Extremed when the Persons <sup>to be married</sup> are thes  
severall Dayes Ask'd in the Church or have a speciall Lycence.

Sundayes are not to be Profaned by any Traudlers Labourers  
or Vicious Persons.

That no Congregation shall be Disturbed in their Private Meetings  
in the time of Prayer preaching or other Divine Service nor shall  
any Person be molested fined or imprisoned for differing in  
Judgm. in mat. of Religion who Profess Christianity.

No Person of a scandalous or Vicious Life shall be admitted to  
receive the holy Sacrament who hath not given Satisfaction therein  
to the Minister.

## Church Wardens

That Church Wardens shall twice Every year (Or) on the second  
day of the January to be hold in June and on the second day of the  
February to be hold in December in open Sessions & Lists in a Court  
Presentment in Writing of all such Misdoers as by their Knowledge  
have been Comitted and not punished whilst they have been Church-  
wardens namely Swearing Profaning Sabbath breaking Drunkenness  
Fornication Adultery and all such abominable Sins the said Church  
wardens are also hereby empowered to cause any person upon whose  
reports they ground their presentments to Appear at the Respective  
Sessions to which the presentments are made to give in their Evidence  
concerning the same and the refusors shall be Lyable to be fined  
at the Sessions.

## Church Warden

~~Memorandum~~

Memorandum that the office of the Church Wardens say  
in the Monition in this book is to be observed and Performed by the  
Constables and all the Overseers or the Major Part of them who are  
to take the Like Care as is required of the Church Wardens.

# Charges Publicque

The Charge ~~vacation~~ of all officers Civill and Military to whom  
noe fees and Expences granted and appointed shall be lawfully payd  
out of the Comon Treasury in full and good payment or satisfaction  
to his or their satisfaction.

That the high sherriffe for the time being shall from yeare to  
yeare after the first Day of Juny 1665 send forth his warrants  
to the High Constables of Every County within their Riding who  
shall send warrants to the Constables of each Riding requiring  
Each Constable to call together the Overseers of their Towns who  
shall within foure months after the said first Day of Juny make a  
List of all the male Persons in the same Towne from sixteen yeares  
old and upwards and a true Estimacion of all Personal and reall Estates  
being or reputed to be the Estate of all and Every the Persons in the  
same Towne or otherwise under their Custody or Management according  
to just Valuation and to what Person the same belong whether in their  
owne Towne or other places soe neere as they can by all Lawfull wayes  
and means which they may use. (Viz) of Warehouses, Langes, Hall  
ports as well unbroken up as other (Except such as both or shall be  
Comon for feede food of Cattle to the use of the Inhabitants in Generall  
whether belonging to Townes in generall or particular Persons but not  
to be except or boord upon to the damage of the Buriales, Mills, Shoppes  
and all Smale Cowles Marchantable goods, Cretes, waies, and all sorts  
of Cattle and all other knowne Estates whatsoever as also all Cattle  
Estates whether at Sea or on Shore all which Persons and Estates are by  
the said Constables and Overseers to be Assesed and rated as here follows  
Viz) Every person aforesaid Except such as by Law are Exempted  
Eighteen poynds and for amores Certaine Cattle in valuation of Cattle  
Every cow of foure yeares old shall be valued at 5. Every heifer and Steer  
between thre and foure yeares old 4. and between two and thre old 2-10  
and between one and two yeares old 1. Every Ox or Bull of foure yeares  
old & upwards 6. Every horse & mare of foure yeares old and upwards 12  
if less yeares old and upwards 8. Between two and thre yeares old 5  
if one yeares old and upwards 3. Every sheep of thre yeares old 6-8  
Every goat about one yeare old 2. Every Swine about one yeare old  
one pounde and all Cattle of all sorts under anye old and howe by  
Exempted, as also all hay and Corn in the Custardmans hands  
because all meadow, Arable Land & Cattle are rated as aforesaid.  
That all such persons as are disabled by sickness, Lameness or other  
infirmities shall be exempted and for such servants or children  
take not wages their Parents and Masters shall pay for them but  
such as take wages shall pay for themselves.

That the Constables of each Town do bring into the High  
Constable of their Riding fairly written the Just Number of  
Males Lists as aforesaid the Assessments of Estates made in their  
severall Towns according to the Rules and Directions Expresses  
and that the High Constable do returne the same to the High  
Sheriffe who shall duly and Carefully Examine all the said Lists  
and Assessments of the severall Towns and shall correct & perfect  
the same according to the true Intent thereof and the same do  
locked to Transmitt under his hand before the Expiration of his  
Office to the Govern

That every one shall pay their rates to the Constable of the  
Town where he shall be Assessed nor shall any Land or Estate  
be rated in any other Town but where the same shall Lye is or  
was improved to the Owners reputed Owners or other Proprietors use  
or behoofe (if it be within this Government) and for Peculiarities (viz)  
such Places as are not yett Layed within the bounds of any Town the  
same Lands with the Persons and Estates thereupon shall be Assessed  
by the rates of the Town next unto it the Measure or Estimation  
shall be by the distanced of the meeting houses.

Memorandum that Shollows Island and Gardners Island Lying  
at the East End of Long Island are Excepted out of this Govern-  
ment their Inhabitants being only and Implicitly accountable to the  
Governor for their rates.

And if any of the Constables High Constable or the High Sheriffes  
shall wilfully fail or neglect to performe the Trust Comitted to  
them in not making Correcting Perfecting or Transmitting the said Lists  
or Assessments according to the true Intent of this Law every such  
offender shall be fined 40. for every such offence or so much as the  
Country shall be Damished thereby soe as it Exceed not 40. for one  
offence Provided that such Offences be Complaind of and Prosecuted in  
due Course of Law within Six Months.

That upon all Distresses to be taken for any of the Rates and  
Assessments aforesaid the Constable shall Distress goods or Chatties  
if they be had and if no goods then Land or houses if neither goods  
Lands nor houses can be had within the Town where such Distress  
are to be taken then upon returns to the High Constable and from him to  
the High Sheriffe he shall give warrant to attach the body of such Person  
or Persons Except they put in Security for their Appearance. Thus

To be Carried to Prison there to be kept till the next Court of Sessions  
if Payment be not made in the mean time.

That the Prices of all sorts of Goods to be recovered upon any rate shall  
be according to the Prices at the time and Place where it is Payable and  
that all Towns Rates shall be made after the same manner and by the  
same rate and not otherwise than is here before Express'd.

That if any Constable shall not have gathered the Levies permitted to  
his Charge during the time of his Office he shall notwithstanding the  
Expiration of it have Power to Levy by Distress all such Rates and  
Levies and if he bring them not into the High Constable according to  
his warrant the High Constable shall Distrain such Constables goods  
for the same; and if the High Constable shall neglect his Duty therein  
then the High Sheriff shall Distrain upon the High Constable and if  
the High Sheriff neglect it he shall be answerable for the same  
if the Constable having made his Levy prove Insolvent and is not  
able to make payment upon Complaints made and Notice thereof by  
the High Constable to the High Sheriff; it shall be Lawfull for the  
High Sheriff (old or New) respectively to Distrain any man or men  
of that Town where the Constable is unable for all Arrearages of  
Taxes and that man or men upon Petition to the Generall Court of  
Assizes shall have Order to collect the same against equality of the  
Town with Just Damages for the same.

That the Constable shall appoint a day and Place and give reasonable  
warning to the Inhabitants to bring in their proportions upon which  
Every man so warned shall duly attend to bring in his rate or upon  
neglect thereof shall forfeit a penny the shilling for what he owes thereto  
and the said Constable shall have Authority hereby to Distrain the  
Delinquents or be Accountable themselves for the rates and penalties  
so neglected by them.

That all the Plantations within this Government after the Publishing  
hereof shall be fully Comprehens'd within this Law.

## Children & Servants.

The Constable and Overseers are strictly Required frequently  
to admonish the Inhabitants of Instructing their Children & Servants  
in Matters of Religion and the Laws of their Country and that the  
Parents and Masters do bring up their Children and Apprentices in  
some honest Lawfull Calling Trade or Employment and if any Children  
or Servants become idle Stubborn or Contumacious so that they  
be the Occasion of their parent or Master the Constable and Overseers shall  
not Justice of the Peace shall happen to dwell within four miles of the  
said Town or Parish have Power upon Complaint of the

Parent or Master to call for them such as to find out and to  
inflict such Corporal Punishment as the Merit of the fact in  
their Judgment shall deserve not exceeding ten stripes -  
Provided that such Child or Servant be within years of age.

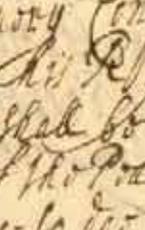
### Chirurgians Midwives Physicians

That no Person or Persons whatsoever Employed at any time  
about the Bodies of men Women or Children for Preservation of  
Life or Health as Chirurgians Midwives Physicians or others to  
Exercise or put forth any Act contrary to the known Approv-  
ed of Art in such Mystery or Occupation nor Exercise any force  
violence or cruelty upon or towards the Body of any Man or woman  
or Child without the Advice and Consent of such as are Skillfull in  
the said Arts) if such may be had or at Least of some of the  
Wisest and greatest Men of the said Consent of the Patient or  
Patient's) if they be Montiscopolory Much Less contrary to such  
Advice or Consent upon such Exceeding Punishment as the Nature  
of the fact may deserve which Law notwithstanding is not Intended  
to discourage any from all Lawfull use of their Skill but rather to  
encourage and direct them in the Right use thereof and to inhibit  
and restrain the Presumptuous Arrogancy of such as through Confidence  
of their own Skill or any other sinister Respects dare boldly  
Attempt to Exercise any Violence upon or towards the Bodies  
of young or old men or women to the Prejudice or Hazard of the  
Life or Limbs of man Woman or Child.

### Constables

That the Constables shall whip or Punish any one to be Punished  
by order of Authority where there is not another Officer Appointed  
to do it in their own Countie or City: they can get another  
Person to do it.

That any and every Person traded to any Constable of this  
Government by any other Constable or other Officer belonging to  
any Jurisdiction within this Government or by Warrant from any  
Justice shall be Presently received and conveyed for the same  
Constable to Constable till they be brought to the Place to which  
they are sent or belong some Justice of the Peace who shall  
Appoint of them as the Justice of the Peace shall require and all  
such Warrants shall be duly received and diligently Pursued to the

Effect, any who are no Justice of the Peace is no more, Every Constable shall have Power to make Signe and Put forth warrants and Pursue & Execute after murderers Manslayers Thieves Robbers Burglars & other Capital Offenders as also to Apprehend without Warrant such as are taken with Drink: Suppling Sabbath breaking Vagrant Persons or Nightwalkers Provided they be taken in the manner either by the Sight of the Constable: or by Plaint in Formacon from others as also to make Search for all such Persons either on the Sabbath Day or other tyme they shall be occasion in all houses Licensed to Sell either wine or Ale or any other Suspected or Disorderly Places and there to Apprehend and keep in Custody till opportunity serves to bring them before the next Justice of the Peace to further Examination Provided that any Constable when he is employed by any Justice for Apprehending any Person he shall not do it without Warrant in Writing and if any Person shall refuse to assist any Constable in the Execution of his Office in any of the things aforesaid being by him required thereto he shall pay for Neglect thereof so to the use of the Crown of which he is to make to be Laid by Warrant from any Justice before whom such Offender is brought and if it appears by good testimony that any shall wilfully or Contumeliously refuse or neglect to assist any Constable as is aforesaid Expressed he shall pay to the use aforesaid forty shillings and that no man may plead Ignorance for such Neglect or refusal Every Constable shall have a staff of a foot six foot long with this Device:  the arms of it as a Badge of his Office in which Staff shall be provided with the Charge of the Crown and if any Justice of the Peace Constable or any other upon Urgent Occasions shall refuse to do their best Endeavour in catching and Prosecuting Thieves Fugitives by foot and if need be by horse after such as have Committed Capital Crimes they shall forfeit for Every such Offence to the use aforesaid forty shillings

The Constables and any their Successors may take bail for any Person arrested within their Precincts if not in Execution or Committed by special Warrant.

That Every Constable within their Jurisdiction shall on the Penalty of 5 Shillings clear up all his accounts with the High Constable for all Arrearages of fines or what other publick Monies or goods hee shall receive one whole month before the Expiration of the Year of his Office and they and every of them are empowered to take

Books or Cartes for the more speedy and better serving in  
what they have so collected according to the tenor appointed  
and if any Constable shall not have collected the said fines  
and Amerciaments committed to his charge by the High Constable  
during the time of his office that he shall notwithstanding  
the expiration of his office have Power to Levy by Distress  
all such fines and Amerciaments committed to his charge by  
the High Constable during the time of his office  
and if he bring them not into the High Constable according  
to his warrant the High Constable shall distrain such  
Constable's goods for the same.

The Constable of each Town during his office may furnish  
the Indians with such quantity of Powder and Shot as may be  
thought necessary for their Defence of their Lives and Possessions  
and also may permit them to have their guns loaded the  
said Constable giving their Account of what is so furnished  
permitted by him to the Indians at every Sessions  
Constables shall be chosen in all Towns upon the 3<sup>rd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> Day of  
April yearly by the Plurality of Voices of Freeholders in each  
Town that it is to say one of the 4 Overseers into whose Places  
now ones are chosen for the ensuing year shall be chosen to  
officials as Constables within their Towns whose Names and Fees  
shall be presented by the Old Constable and Overseers to the next  
Sessions ensuing there to be confirmed by the Justices of the Peace  
by taking the Oath appointed for Constables.

That whosoever being duly elected shall refuse to serve in  
the Office of a Constable he shall forfeit for his refusal 5<sup>s</sup>.  
towards the defraying of Towns Charges.

Memorandum that in regard of the distance of the Inhabitants  
of North Sea from the Town of Southen to which it doth belong  
there shall be a deputy Constable appointed with Power to keep  
his maj<sup>ty</sup> Peace, and to execute such Warrants and Orders as he  
shall receive from his Superiours

### Conveyances Deeds & Writings,

That henceforth no Sale or Alienation of Lands and Tenements  
shall be holden good in Law except the same be done by Deed in  
Writing Under hand and Seals and Delivery and Possession given

18  
in Parts in the name of the whole by the Seller or his Attorney so  
authorized under hand & Seal. On Lawe the Said Good be acknowledged  
and recorded according to Law.

That all deeds and Conveyances of houses and Land with this  
Government Wherem an Estate of Inheritance is to Pass it shall be  
Expressed in those words or to the Like Effect (Or) to have and to  
hold the Said house and Land respectively to the Said Party or  
granted his heirs and Assignes for ever or if it be an Entailed  
Estate then to have and to hold the Said house and Land use  
to the Party or granted and to the heirs of his body Lawfully  
begotten between him and such a one his wife or to have and  
to hold to the granted for Term of Life or for many years.

Provided that this Law shall not include former Deeds and Convey-  
ances but Leave them in the same Condition as they were or shall  
be in before this Law takes Effect which shall be from the Publication  
hereof Provided also that this Law shall not extend to houses  
or Land given by Will or Testament or to any Land granted or  
to be granted by the Inhabitants of a Town.

That no Conveyance Good or Promise whatsoever shall be of  
Validity if it be obtained by force or violence imprisonment or  
any kind of forcible Compulsion called Duress.

All Conveyances of fraudulent Alienations or Conveyances of  
Land Tenements or any hereditaments shall be of no force or  
Validity to Defeat any man of his due debts or Legacies or from  
any just title Claims or Possession of that which is so fraudulently  
Conveyed.

That after the Expiration of the time a foresaid no Mortgage  
Bargain or <sup>sale</sup> Grant of any house Land rents or other heredita-  
ments where the grantor remains in Possession shall be of force  
Against any other Persons Except the grantor and his heirs  
Unless the same be acknowledged before some Justice of the  
Peace or Superior Officer in the Government and Recorded as is  
hereafter Expresssed and that no Bargain Sale or Grant  
already made in any way of Mortgage whether the Grantor  
remains in Possession shall be of force Against any other but  
the grantor or his heirs Except the same shall be Entered  
as is here Expresssed that is to say within one month after the  
Date aforesaid if the Party be within this Government.

or Else where within 3 miles after he shall returne and if  
any such grantor being required by the grantee his heirs or  
assignes to make an Acknowledg<sup>mt</sup> of any grant Sale bargain  
or Mortgage by him made shall refuse so to doo it shall be  
in the Power of any Justice of Peace to send for the Party so  
refusing and commit him to Prison without bail or mainprise  
until he shall Acknowledge the same.

AND the grantee is to Enter his Caution with the Clerke of  
the Court of Sessions and this shall save his Interest in the  
Mortgage and if it be doubtfull whether it be the good or  
grant of the Party he shall be bound with Sureties to the next  
Court of Sessions and the Caution shall remaine good as aforesaid

AND for the recording of all such grants Sales and Mortgages  
that the Clerke of every Session shall Enter all such grants  
Sales bargains Mortgages of houses Lands Rents and  
hereditaments as aforesaid together with the names of the  
grantor and grantee thing or Estate granted as also the date  
thereof.

## Continued

That no man condemned to dye shall be put to Death  
within four Days next after his condemnation unless the  
Governour his Speciall Com<sup>ds</sup> to the contrary or in case of  
Marshall Law and the Prisoner Executed shall be buried Neare  
the Place of his Execution.

## Courts

That the name of the severall Courts to be holden in Each  
County 3 times in the year shall be called the Courts of  
Sessions.

And whereas there is great respect due and by all persons  
ought to be given to the Courts which soe nearely Represent  
his ROYAL HIGHNES person and that such Order gravity and  
Decorum which doth manifest the Authority of a Court may be  
maintained these rules and forms following are to be observed  
both for the beginning Continuance and Proceedings in the  
said Courts.

The Courts of Sessions are to begin in the East Riding the first  
Tuesday in June in the North Riding the 2 Tuesday and the third  
Tuesday in the West Riding.

The Second Courts of Sessions shall be hold the first Second  
and third Wednesdays in December.  
And the 3<sup>d</sup> Sessions to be on the first Second and third Wednesdays  
in ~~March~~

The Sessions in Each Riding is to Continue threodays if  
needs require at Every Meeting but no longer

That the Sessions in the East Riding be Keep by Juries in  
the Towns of Southampton and Southold.

The stile of the Court to be Entered thus

At a Court of Sessions hold att <sup>in the</sup> Riding of  
Yorkshire upon Island the <sup>day of</sup> by his Royall  
High<sup>ness</sup> Authority in the <sup>years of the</sup> Reign of our Sovereign  
Lord Charles the Second by the grace of god King of King  
of great Brittain France and Ireland Defendor of the faith  
and in the years of our Lord God <sup>Present</sup>  
Insert the name of the Governour

Silence Comanded

When Lon the Cryer or Under sherriff mak: proclamacion and  
say Oyez Oyez Silence is Comanded in the Court whilst his  
Royall High<sup>ness</sup> Governour Councill and Justices are sitting upon  
pains of Impersonment. Failures to Appear.

After Silence is Comanded Lon the Cryer mak: Proclamacion  
saying Allmanner of Persons that have any thing to do at the  
Court draw neare and give your Attendance. and if any one  
shall have any pleaid to Enter or suite to Prosecute Tell them  
Come forth and they shall be heard

When Silence is thus Comanded and Proclamacion mad: upon  
calling the docket the Cryer shall call for the Plt.  
calling for the Def.

A. B. Come forth and Prosecute thy Decon against C. D. or  
E. F. - thou wilt be Non suited.

And the P<sup>l</sup> putting in his Declaration the P<sup>r</sup>or shall call  
for the Defendant.

Calling for the Def<sup>t</sup>.

C. D. come forth and save thee and thy heirs or Els: thou  
shalt forfeit thy Recognizance.

for Proceedings in the said Courts

Warrants are to be issued by the Clerks in the Name of the  
Courts.

Whosoever shall speak in negation of the Sentence or Judgment  
of any Court he shall be fined at the Discretion of the Next  
Court of Sessions or Assizes.

## Quence.

Any Person who shall be Sworn of the Council to the  
Governour shall in any place within this Government have in all  
Respects the Power of the Justices of the Peace and in any Court  
of Sessions may sit as President.

## Defamation.

That no Action shall be Admitted for Defamation in any  
Court where the Words are not Actionable, and no Words shall  
be esteemed Actionable but such as if true might have brought  
the Person to suffer Punishment by Law any other shall be cast  
out of the Court and the P<sup>l</sup> to be nonsuited and because Offences  
of this Nature may be speedily determined Any Justice of the  
Peace is hereby Authorized and Empowered to hear and  
determine them and Likewise to bind the Persons so offending  
to their good Behaviour or if he find not good Security for the  
same to Commit them to the Prison till they find it.

## Distracted Persons.

That in regard the Condition of Distracted Persons may  
be both very Chargeable and Troublesome, and so will prove  
to great Burthen for one Town alone to bear Each Town  
in the Riding where such Person or Persons shall happen  
to be, to contribute towards the Charge which may Arise  
upon such Occasions.

# Dowryes.

If any woman shall causlessly absont her selfe from her husband of which he shall make Complaint to the Court of Sessions if upon a certaine time given her by the Court she shall refuse to returne she shall forfeit Dowry below her husband shall afterwards upon a new Agreement confirme the same.

# Fasting Dayes and Dayes of Thanks giving to be Observed.

Whereas by an act of Parliament the fifth Day of November is to be Observed from the great Delivrance from the Gunpowder Treason and whereas by another Act of Parliament the 30 Day of January is Annually to be Observed with fasting and Prayer in all his Maj<sup>ties</sup> Dominions to shew a hearty and serious repentance and Detestation of that Barbarous Murthor committed upon the Person of our Late King Charles the first whereby to divert Gods heavy Judgments from falling upon the whole Nation as also by an other Act of Parliament we are Enjoynd thankfully to Acknowledge the Providence of God upon the 29. Day of May for his Maj<sup>ties</sup> Birth and Restauration to the Throne of his Ancestors whereby Peace and Emity is Established throughout all his Maj<sup>ties</sup> Dominions Every Minister within his Soverall Parish is Enjoynd to pray and preach on those Dayes.

All other Persons are also Enjoynd to obtaine from their ordinary Labour & Callings according to the true Intent of the said Acts.

# Fees. The fees of a Justice of Peace.

For warrants of appearance to answer all sorts of Accions at the Court or binding over to the Sessions or a Sides for the Good & Behaviour.	2	6
Upon Pleint of Debt or Damage	1	6
Upon Comon Accions as Slandres and the Like	1	6
Upon Supra for each Person	0	6

Nothing to be payed for warrants in Criminall and Capitall Cases.  
Noe Fees for doing his office as a Justice upon the Bench

1777

The first of the month of August 1777  
I received from the Honble the Board  
of the Treasury a copy of the  
Account of the Receipts and Disbursements  
of the said Board for the Year ending  
the 31st of December last.

Account of the Receipts and Disbursements  
of the Board of the Treasury

The Receipts of the said Board for the Year ending  
the 31st of December last amount to the sum of  
£ 1,000,000 and no pence.

The Disbursements of the said Board for the Year ending  
the 31st of December last amount to the sum of  
£ 900,000 and no pence.

The Balance in favour of the said Board at the end  
of the said Year is the sum of £ 100,000 and no pence.

Witness my hand and the Seal of the said Board  
this 1st day of August 1777.

The Fee of the Public Office

The Receipts of the said Board for the Year ending  
the 31st of December last amount to the sum of  
£ 1,000,000 and no pence.

The Disbursements of the said Board for the Year ending  
the 31st of December last amount to the sum of  
£ 900,000 and no pence.

The Balance in favour of the said Board at the end  
of the said Year is the sum of £ 100,000 and no pence.



# The Fees of the High Sherriffe

The Sherriffe shall have of the <sup>Pl<sup>ty</sup></sup> upon all Arrests  
 whether by Bill writ or warrant ————— 1 - 6  
 Upon Every Execution that shall be served if under  
 one hundred Pounds for Each pound ————— 1 - 0  
 for what shall be above one hundred Pound for Each  
 Pound ————— 0 - 6  
 for receiving the assessments Amorician<sup>ty</sup> and fines  
 from the High Constables & paying them into the Treasury & for  
 for the Sherriff's warrant to Summons & Impannel a Jury } 1 - 6  
 for Each Cause —————  
 And for further Troables not herein Expressed Other  
 Reasonable fees shall be allowed by the Court . . . . .  
 Moreover the Sherriff's fees in Appeals shall be the same  
 as in Other Accions

## The High Constables & Under Sherriffs Fees.

for receiving the assessments Amorician<sup>ty</sup> and fines from  
 the Petty Constables and paying them into the Sherriff's  
 Purses ————— 0 : 6  
 for Every Judgment in Court or Verdict ————— 1 : .  
 for the Summing or impaneling of a Jury ————— 0 : 4

## The fees of a Petty Constable

for taking of the assessments Amorician<sup>ty</sup> and  
 fines and paying them into the High Constable's Pound — 1 : 0  
 for a Watch<sup>ty</sup> or appraisment of goods distrained & for  
 Pound ————— 0 : 12  
 for Arresting upon Comon Accions the <sup>Pl<sup>ty</sup></sup> to pay him — 1 : 6  
 No fees are to be payd for Executing of Special  
 warrant or apprehending Criminals or Capitall offenders  
 but to be done Ex officio.

## The fees of the Corke of the Courts of Sessions who is also Corke of the Drift.

for Entering of Every Accion for tryall ————— 2 . 6  
 for Entering and recording bargaine or Sale of Land } 2 . 6  
 or Houses tenements or Chattels if under 20 Lires - }

For Every 12 Lines more	0	1	6
For Entering a will or admicon for him self if under 40 Lint	2	11	6
For Every 12 Lines	0	11	6
For the fee of the office of Record for which he is to	3	2	6
Be accountable for			
For Entering a Judgment of Court	3	11	0
For an Execution	1	11	0
For Entering an Order of Court	1	11	0
For the Copy	1	11	0
For Entering a Deposition	1	11	6
For Entering an Attachment	0	11	6
For Entering a Petition			
For Entering and Recording Any Other business. Orphans	2	11	6
Excepl. for the first and second Pages	0	11	6
For Every Page more			
For Licenses to Inventors and Victuallors	2	11	6
For a Certificate	1	11	6

### The fees of the Clarke of Assizes.

That all Charges of Officers or Attendants upon Assizes at the Assizes shall be double to those of the Sessions and to be Laid in the same manner

If any thing shall be done by the Clarke of the Assizes or Clerk of the Court of either Court more than what is here expressed the Justice are to Adjud. them a further fee either at the Sessions or Assizes according to his merit for Greater Pay not taken.

### The fees of the Court.

For Returning Appeals to the Assize with all the Circumstances whereof the Court of Sessions hath taken cognizance towards the Breking of Court Charges

For the Copy of the Appeal: & Causes

Court fees are either to be Payed to the High Sheriffs or the Clerk of Assizes or Sessions who are to be accountable for them all Court fees are to be Laid by distress or put into the Execution with the Debt and Service.

Memorandum that no warrant are to be Issued by the Clerk of any Court but in the name of the Court.

### The fees of the Clerk of the Court

For Calling the Jury for each Cause

For Swearing Every Witness

For a non suite	8	0
For non appearance of witness upon Summons	3	0
For Every Verdict	0	4

## The fees of the Marshall

For receiving into ward	1	0
For Every Verdict brought in whilst the Court sits	0	6
If the Jury stay together all night for the delivery of the Verdict	2	6
For Whipping	2	6
For Pillory	2	6

It is to be the Marshall's care to provide a convenient room for the Jury to retires into.

The Marshall is to receive no Prisoner but such as are committed by warrant Excepting only in such present Occasions where a warrant cannot be duly obtained Provided that he shall not refuse any Prisoner brought to him by any known officer the said officer obliging him self to deliver in a warrant to the Marshall for his detaining within twenty four hours.

The ordinary rate and allowance for the dyet of Every Prisoner to the Marshall shall be of them eight pence and he shall demand no more.

Provided always that any Prisoner for his better Accommodation either of Lodging or dyet may agree with the Marshall upon a further price.

## Fornication

If any man Commit fornication with any single woman they shall be Punished by Enjoining marriage fine or Corporal Punishment or any of those according to the discretion of the Court.

## Surgery

If any Person or Persons whatsoever shall forge any Oath or Provoynces Testament bind Bill of Sale Acquittance Letter of Attorney or any writing to prevent Equity he shall stand in the Pillory thro' several Court days and render double Damages to the Party wronged and also be disabled to give any Evidence or Verdict to any Court or Magistrate.

## Fines or Burnings

If any Person or Persons whatsoever shall set on fire any dwelling house Church or Manse house Barn or Stable Stock Play

Person or herd and such like combustible. - Malice Maliciously and  
willingly he shall be committed to Prison there to remain without  
bail. till the next Sessions where if convicted by Proof or  
Confession of the Prisoner he shall remain in Prison till the next  
Assizes there to receive Judgment to death or make full Satisfaction  
out of his Lands, goods or Chattels to the Party or Parties  
damaged according to the good discretion of the Bench.

If any Person whatsoever shall Kill - any deer in the woods  
or grounds lying in common or in his own Grounds soe as the  
same shall run into any other grounds or Inclosures of his  
neighbour he shall be liable to pay all Damages of what sort  
soever and half so much more for a fine if not able to pay the  
Court shall adjudge the Person Guilty to Corporal Punishment not  
Exceeding twenty stripes or to soe long Imprisonment to Expiate the Crime.

## Fugitives.

Every Apprentic: & Servant that shall depart or Absent  
himself from their Masters or Damors without Leave first  
obtained shall be adjudged by the Court to double the time of  
if such their Absence by future Services over and above other Dam-  
ages and costs which the Master or Damor shall sustain by such  
unlawfull departure and whosoever shall be Proved to have Trans-  
ported or to have Contrived the Transportation of any such Appren-  
tic: or Servant shall forfeit twenty pounds to the Master or Damor  
and be fined five pounds to the Court and every Inhabitant that  
shall harbour or Entertaine such Apprentic: or Servant knowing  
that he hath Absented himself from his Service upon Proof  
thereof shall forfeit to the Master or Damor 10 for every week  
Entertainment or concealment.

If any Master of Shipp or Burrell shall Transport or Carry away  
any Freeman whether Merchant or household: that is or shall be  
Indebted here without Pass: or License: he shall be liable to satisfy  
the debts of the Person soe Transported unless the same be  
otherwise satisfied or that such Merchant or household: doe  
returne againe into the Government and appear to answer in  
Court with the space of six months after such Absence.

## Corses & Mares.

That every Towne within this Government shall have a  
marking Iron or Mark by and for them selves in particular to  
distinguish the horses of one Towne from another besides which  
every owner is to have and mark his horse or horse with

his own Particular flesh brand having some distinguishing  
mark: that one mans horse may be known from another  
AND that in Every Town there be an Officer appointed by  
the Constable and Overseers to Record Every mans Particular  
mark: and to see Each Particular horse mark: or Coll brand: and  
to take notice and record: the age of Each of them as near as  
he can with the Colour and all observable marks: whether  
Natural or Artificiall and what Artificiall Markes it had  
be: for: the Branding whether on the Ear or Else-where with  
the year and day of the month when brand: and in Each  
Town: the Officer for his Fee and pain: to have Six pence of  
the Owner of Each horse: mark: or Coll: for brand: & Record:  
and that any one that hath any horse: or horses of what  
age: or kind: should duly observe this order at his Perill  
And when any horse: mark: or Coll: is to be sold to any other Town:  
the Purchaser may if he Pleas: Cause the Town: mark: of the Place  
where he Inherits besides his own: Particular: to be put on or over  
the mark: of the Town: from which he bought them.  
The Officer is also to Enquire: after as Satisfying Evidence: of his  
Right who Pays any such horse: mark: or Coll: as may be had or to  
record any defect of due Evidence: that may be open to other  
Claim:.

To Prevent the frequent abuse: of Stealing and Killing other mens  
horses and Cattle: by the true Owners seldom: or never know:  
what is become of their horses and Cattle: nor man of what quality:  
nor he who shall sell Steal: or give any horse: mark: or Coll: or  
marked as is Else-where directed unto any other Person whatsoever:  
under the Penalty of five Pounds to be payed by him that sells and  
also by five Pounds by him that buys: which horse or mare: Ox: or  
or Bull: though marked shall be Registered in the Town: where the  
Property is changed within twenty four hours with the names of the  
Persons and their Places of Habitation under the Penalty of five  
Pounds to be payed by Each Party concerned therein as buyer or seller  
Neither shall it be Lawfull for any man to kill any Cow: Ox: or Bull:  
or such Like Cattle: either for Sale: or for his Private use before  
he gives notice thereof to the Persons appointed for that purpose to  
Register such matters and a due Entry: made thereof with the  
names of the Owner and marks of the Cattle: under the Penalty of  
forfeiting the whole Cow: Ox: or Bull: he so found whose name  
shall be the Informer: the other half: to the Constable: & Overseers  
and the Officer is to have for his Entry: two Pence: of each.

# Impresses.

That in all Publique Workes for the Safety and Defence of the Government or the Necessary Conveyance of Bridges & High Ways and Common Passages the Governour or Deputy Governour and Councell shall send Warrants to any Justice and Justices to any Constable of the next Town or any other within that Jurisdiction to send so many Labourers and Artificers as the Warrant shall direct which the Constable and the Overseers or more of the Overseers which the Constable shall Chuse shall forthwith Execute and the Constables and Overseers shall have Power to give such wages as they shall Judge the work to deserve. Provided that no Ordinary Labourer shall be Compelled to work from home & to goe to work together.

No man shall be Compelled to any Publique work or Service unless the Power be grounded upon some known Law of this Government or an Act of the Governour and Councell Signifying the necessity thereof in both which Cases a Reasonable Allowance shall be made nor shall any man be Compelled in Person to any office, work, labour or any other Publique Service that is necessary and sufficiently Exempted by want of years of Age, or of years of Age, or of mind, failing of senses or Impotency of Limbs or by the Equality of his Office which is Elsewhere Expressed.

No man shall be Compelled to goe out of this Jurisdiction upon any of the said Warrants but only in such vindictive & Defensive Wars as in our Own behalf or in the behalf of our Nation against the Common Enemy shall be Intreprised by the Governour with the Advice of his Councell or by the Authority derived from the same nor shall any mans Cattle or goods of what kind so ever be seized or taken for any such Publique Service or use unless it be by Warrant grounded as aforesaid nor without such reasonable Satisfaction as the Ordinary value of the Cattle both afield and in case any Cattle or goods shall Perish or be Damified in such Service the Charge shall be recompensed.

## Inkeepers & Ordinances

No Person or Persons shall at any Time Under any Paines or Penalty whatsoever Undertake to be a Common Victualler Keeper of a Cooks Shop or house of Common Entertainment or Publique Sale of Wine Beer ale or Strong Waters by retail or a Load quantity then a quart or less without a Certificate of his Good

behaviour from the Constable and two Overseers at Least  
of the Parishes where he dwells and a License first obtain'd  
Under the hands of two Justices of the Peace in Sessions next  
Pairs of forfeitures of £<sup>5</sup> for every such offence or Imprisonment at the  
discretion of the Justices Provided always and it is to be  
Understood that no man is hereby hindered from buying for his  
private use any quantity of Liquors and it shall and may be lawful  
for any person to sell such quantity of Liquors to him so that  
he do not sell it againe by retail without a License.

That Innkeepers or Ordinary Keepers shall not be obliged  
to put any Alehouse quantity of malt into their Boords but  
they shall not sell their Boords for above two pence for quart nor  
any Liquors at or about twelve Shillings of gallon under the  
Penalty of 20 for each Gallon so sold.

It is Premised to sell Boords out of Boords at a Price the one  
quart or under.

That if any Complaint be made to the Officers of a Towne against  
any manne Drinking of Liquors at too unreasonable and  
extraordinary rates they have Power to give redress therein  
No Licensed Person shall suffer any to drink - Excepting  
at unreasonable hours after nine of the Clock in the evening or  
about any of those hours Under Penalty of 2-6 for every such  
offence if Complaint be made thereof.

If any Quarrell or disorder doth arise from in temperate Persons  
within those houses the Person so Licensed not signifying the  
same to the Constable or one Overseer at the Least who are  
authorised to cause the Peace to be kept shall for every such  
neglect forfeit ten Shillings and every Person found drunk  
in or about any of the said houses shall forfeit 2-6 and for  
being the Author or accessory of the breach of the Peace or disor-  
der or Drunkenness at unreasonable hours shall forfeit ten Shillings  
and for want of Payment or in Case they be absent and neglect  
their Masters Occasions they shall be sold in the Stocks in hours  
at the Least.

It shall be lawful notwithstanding for all Licensed Persons to  
entertaine Land Travellers or Travelling men in the Night Season  
whoe they come on their or from their Journey for their necessary  
Refreshment or towards their Preparation for their Journey or  
voyage - And also all Strangers Lodgers or other Persons may  
lawfully continue in such houses when their Lawfull Occasions  
of Business doth require Provided they be not disorderly  
amongst them.

25  
Every Person who Licens'd for the Entertainment of Strangers  
with their houses shall Provide one or more Inclusiones for Summer  
Day and Provender for Winter with convenient Stable room and  
abundance of Beer the Penalty of 2-6 for Every day of default  
and double Damages to the Party thereby wronged.

N<sup>o</sup> C. Licens'd Person shall Unreasonably Exact upon his guest  
for and forer of Entertainment and no man shall be compell'd to pay  
Eight Pence of Money with small Beer only (unless the guest shall  
make their Agreement with the Person so Licens'd.

N<sup>o</sup> C. Licenses shall be granted by any two Justices in the County  
for above the term of one year but Every Person so Licens'd  
before the expiration of the said term shall and at her by en-  
joyned to repair to the Sessions of that Jurisdiction for renewing  
their several Licenses for which they shall pay to the Clerks of the  
severall Sessions two Shillings Six pence or else they shall  
forfeit five pounds as Unlicens'd Persons.

All offences committed against this Law shall be determined by  
the Constable with two or more of the Overseers who are Empowr'd  
to Collect and receive the severall Rates or Duties in case of non  
Payment rendering account thereof as is else where Required.

### Indians

N<sup>o</sup> C. Purchas of Lands from Indians after the first day of  
march 1664 shall be Estimated a good title without Law first  
had and obtained from the Governour and after Law so obtained  
the Purchaser shall bring the Sackem and right Owner of such  
Lands before the Governour to acknowledge Satisfaction and Payment  
for the said Lands whereupon they shall have a grant from the  
governour and the Purchaser so made and Procured is to be  
Entered upon Record in the office and from that time to be  
Valid for all Intents and Purposes.

All Injuries done to the Indians of whatsoever <sup>natur</sup> shall upon their  
Complaint and Proof thereof in any Court have Speedy Redress  
gratis against any Christian in as full and ample manner with  
reasonable allowance for Damages as if the Cause had been betwixt  
Christians and Christian.

In all Places within this Government the English and all Others  
shall keep their Cattle from Destroying the Indians Cows in any  
Ground where they have ~~power~~ right to Plant and if any of their  
Cows be Destroyed for want of fencing the Coward shall make Satis-  
faction and shall have Power amongst themselves to Lay the Charge  
where the Occasions of the Damages did arise PROVIDED

that the Indians shall make. Proofs that the settl. of such  
a Towne Farms or Purses did the Damage and for the Encourag  
ment of the Indians towards the settl. in the same. For  
which each Towne Farms or Purses whose settl. may annoy  
them that way shall direct assist and help the settl. of  
Cross Runing and sharpening sayles and holding of Posts allowing  
one English man to two for three or more Indians and shall also  
owne the housing into Place for them and allow one man a day  
or two towards the taking up of the same and either sell or  
Lend them tools to finish it. Provided that such Indians shall  
leave their own fields or grounds all their own charge and  
if any Indians refuse to fence their lands or to  
provide help as aforesaid in the presence and presence  
of sufficient witnesses they shall keep of all settl. or  
damages and if any harm be done at any time unto the  
English by the Indians in their settl. the Governour or Deputy  
Governour with two of the Council or any Court of Sessions or  
Assizes may Order Satisfaction according to Law and Justice.

That Indian whatsoever shall at any time be suffered to  
performe or performe any outward worship to the devil in  
any Towne within this Government

## Jurors and Jurges.

That the Clerk of the Sessions shall in convenient time  
before the sitting of the Court give a Certificate to the Sheriff  
or Under Sheriff of what and how many Causes are entered  
for their bearing the next Sessions to the end that the Sheriff  
or Under Sheriff may and be lawfully required immediately to  
issue forth Warrant to the Constable of the several Townes of  
his Jurisdiction of that Court for Jurymen proportionable to  
the Causes with regard to the Equality of the Number from each  
Towne and according to the warrant the Constable shall returne  
so many of the Jurymen as shall be Jurymen and returne the  
names to the Under Sheriff and if such Number of Jurymen be  
required prove not sufficient for carrying on the Cause with  
dispatch to the Sessions the Justices may require the Sheriff or  
Under Sheriff to supply their Number with so many able and  
discreet men as shall either attend the Court upon other  
occasions or shall happen to be Inhabitants of the Towne where  
the Court shall be hold.

All Jurys for Reason shall be Impannell'd and Sworn Truly  
to try between Party and Party and shall find the matter of  
Fact with the Damages and Costs according to the Evidence  
whereupon the Justice in the Bench of the Superior  
Court shall pronounce the Sentence directing the Jury in  
Point of Law and if there be Matter of Apparent Equity  
upon the forfeiture of an obligation or such or Covenant  
without Damages or the like the Bench shall determine  
such Matters of Equity.

Every Jury man shall be allowed 3 s. per diem for the charge  
of their Abode out of the Fees and Profits arising in  
each Court where they be Service or by the Country if that  
shall be.

That the Payment of Jurymen & Witnesses who shall attend  
the Courts of Sessions for Affairs shall be from the time of their  
going from whom to their Return.

That whosoever shall be nominated to serve in a Jury and  
without Just Cause shall refuse it he shall be liable  
to the King towards the Defraying of Publick Charge which is  
to be Levyed by the Countie.

The Jury shall exceed the Number of 7 not be Under Six or less  
in special Causes or upon Life and Death the Justice shall  
think fit to Appoint more.

In all Cases where the Law is Obscure so as the Jury cannot  
be satisfied there shall be Liberty to Present a Special  
Verdict or

if the Law be so in such a Point they find for the Plaintiff  
if the Law be otherwise they find for the Defendant in which case  
the Determination doth properly belong to the Court and all  
Jurors shall have Liberty in Matter of Fact if they cannot  
find the main Issue yet to find and Present in their Verdict  
for much as they can.

Whensoever any Juror or Jurors are not clear in their Judgment  
concerning any Case they shall have Liberty in open Court and not  
withdraw to advise with any Particular man upon the Bench with  
any other whom they shall think fit to resolve and direct them  
before they shall give in their Verdict.

The Verdict is to be given by the foreman of the Jury -  
A Verdict is so returned when the Major Part of the Jury is a  
good and the minor shall be concluded by the Major without  
allowance of any Protest by any of them to the contrary -  
except in Cases of Life and Death where the whole Jury is  
to be unanimous in their Verdict.

The Bench is besides to take up the Evidence by way of  
Information to the Jury.

No Person except the Clerk, Nephew or Cousin German  
to the Party or Party concerned shall be admitted to the Court  
Against a Party before he shall be sworn - and not after  
It is likewise left to the Judgment of the Court to allow  
those Just Exceptions against Jurors besides and

If any one shall Protest to remove the Disputing before of a  
Jury or Arbitration he shall forfeit 10 - for the first offence  
and for the further breach of this Law he shall be imprisoned  
or fined shall impose a great fine on the offender according to  
the merits of the Cause.

## Justices of the Peace.

The Justice of the Peace or High Sheriff or Either of them  
shall have Power to issue forth Writs or Warrants according to  
the Nature of the Plea.

Justice of the Peace High Sheriff or Under Sheriff may  
grant Reprieves &c. of Office.

The Warrant of any Justice of the Peace shall be of force and  
to be executed by any Inferiour Officer in any of the  
Sessions as fully and Effectually as if the Justice were an Inferiour  
Magistrate that Riding provided always that the Clerk or Justice  
Plaint or Party of Plaintiff do advise within the Return where the  
Justice shall dwell that the Value is to be added in the Return.

The Chief Justice of the Peace in the Absence of the Governor  
Deputy Governor or some One of the Council shall pronounce the  
Verdict or Sentence of the Court except in Cases of Natural  
Impediment or Agreement among the Justices themselves it is  
otherwise determined to any other Person of them in Neither of  
which Cases the Justice shall refuse to do his Office in either  
his Absence to the Prejudice of the Court.

Any Justice of the Peace may if he please or so cause for it  
to be as shall be in any Colony Courts within the Jurisdiction where he  
resides.

Every Justice of the Peace shall have an Allowance of twenty  
Pounds & And to be paid out of the Publick rates towards the  
Expensing of their Records over and above what may be paid out  
of the Fees and Amerciam<sup>ts</sup> not otherwise disposed of

## ART.

All Lands heretofore within this Government shall be free  
from all Fines & Licences upon Alienations and from all hereditarie  
Advowsons, Liveries, Promises, Services, Year Day and Feast, Escheats  
and Forfeitures upon the Death of Persons or Ancestors Naturall  
or Naturall Casualty or Inheritance and that for Ever Cases of Right  
Reason only Excepted.

To the all former Purchases may be ascertained to the Present  
Governor and Right Owner all Persons whatsoever who have made  
any grants or Patents of Townships, Lands or Houses within  
this Government shall bring in the said grants or Patents to the  
Governor and shall receive them approved by Authority from his Royal  
Highness before the beginning of the next Court of Assizes.

All Purchasers of Impleas'd Lands shall at their Costs & Charges  
Cause a Survey & Draught thereof to be made within one year after  
such Purchase and deliver the same into the Office of Records to be  
by the Boards and Limits thereof may be Justly distinguished and if  
the Purchaser shall not within three years after such Survey plant  
Soat and Inhabitt upon the said Purchase they shall forfeit their  
right Title and Interest therein.

Every Purchaser in Acknowledgm<sup>t</sup> of the Propriety of his  
Lands belonging to his Royal Highness shall upon dealing of the  
Patent pay unto the Governor so much as they shall agree  
Upon not Exceeding for Every hundred Acres two Shillings and  
Sixpence and upon the dealing of a Pound two Pence which shall  
be prosecuted by the Purchaser to the Use of the Governor (Grants  
to be disposed of to such as he shall think fit).

## ART.

In regard it is almost impossible to provide sufficient Lawes in  
all Cases as proper punishments for all Crimes the Court of Sessions  
shall not take further Cognizance of any Cause or Crime where  
there is not Provision made in Law but to Remit the  
Cause or Crime with the best Examination and Proof to the next  
Court of Assizes where the Matter of Equity shall be decided or  
Inquire & Awarding according to the Direction of the Court and not contrary  
to the known Lawes of England.

# Lying & False News.

Very Person of Age of Diceretion which shall be reported  
of fourteen years and upwards, who shall wilfully and  
deliberately forge or Publish false News whosoever shall be  
Author nor Authoritand In: out of any Parts of Europe can-  
be Produced whereby the Minds of Peopl: are frequently  
distracted or Exasperated in relation to Publick Affairs  
or Particular Persons Injured in their good Names and  
Families by such Common Decreits and abuses upon due Pross: made  
by sufficient Witnesses before the Governour or any Court of Sessions  
the Person so offending in Ordinary Causes shall for the first offence  
be fined 10. for the second offence 20. and for the third offence  
40. and if the Party be unable to pay the same he shall be set in  
the Stocks 10. Long or Publickly whipped with so many stripes  
as the Governour or any Court of Sessions shall think fit  
Exceeding forty stripes or four hours sitting in the Stocks  
for the fourth offence he shall be bound to his good behaviour  
paying Coll: or Service to the Informer and Witness: Such as  
shall be Judged reasonable: Satisfaction butt in Cases of higher  
nature as Publick Concerns the Fine or Punishment shall be  
Exceeded according to the direction of the Governour & Council only

## Marriage

Whereas by the Laws of England no marriage is Lawfull  
consumated without a Minister whose office it is to Joyn the Parties in  
Matrimony after the Bands there Published in the Church or a  
Lycence first had and Obtained from some other Person whounto  
Authoritd all which formality cannot be duly Practised in these  
Parts yett to the End a Decent Rul: there may be observed  
it is Ordained that from hence forth the Names and Surnames of  
Each Party who sue for Marriage shall be Obligedly read in the  
Parish Church or usual Meeting Place where they sould their  
Inhabit these severall Last Days together and where no Church  
or Meeting Place shall happen to be a Publication in Writing shall be  
sued fourteen Days before Marriage in these Counties of each  
County where the Party are in Habitation upon the first Tables the  
Shall be upon any two Copies of the Overseers of the Parish in which  
they are next from the Governour in such Cases  
and not otherwise, it shall be Lawfull for them to be  
(Married)

Provided the said Parties both Party themselves by  
Sath if Required before the Justice of Peace or the Magistrate  
that they are under the Bonds of matrimony to any other Person  
Living if it shall after happen to be proved that either or both  
the said Parties Ejured and thereby attained Another Marriage  
for the said Perjury the Party or Parties offending shall  
be bound through the Justice with a Rodd Iron and  
moreover Proceeded Against as in Cases of Adultery is  
Provided.

But if either Party be Approovd Innocent as to him or  
her Sol and Ignorant of the Fraud the Innocent shall  
Recovr Damages Against the Innocent and be set at Liberty  
as if no such Marriage had been Made.

Not man shall harbour conceal or detaine Contrary to the  
Consent of the Husband any Married woman upon Penalty of  
for every hour that such Married woman Remains  
after Demand made by her Husband where his  
wife is harbored concealed or detained.

Provided always that any woman flying from the  
Barbarous Cruelty of her Husband to this house of the Justices  
or any of the Overseers of the same Parish may be Protected by  
them in the manner as is Directed for Servants in such Cases  
and not otherwise.

## In what Cases it shall not be Punishable to Remarrie.

If either the man or woman shall be Convicted to have  
Fulfilled their Oath to the Justice of the Peace the other  
is free to Marry.

If sufficient Certificat be brought from any Sovereign  
Partys Governour with allowable Circumstances that the Man  
or woman is due the King Majesty and Place Speight  
under the hand and Seale of some Princes Person and known  
Magistrate the other is free.

If either the man or woman Travelling by Sea or Land into  
any foreign Parts which voyage by former Computacion may  
be Perfected in One year or less or in few Days of the year  
nor by any Knowledge or News shall be set within the  
year after his or her Departure nor of any who Accompany  
him or her in the voyage it may fully be Presum'd that said  
Person

Persons that are after the Expiration of his Amble  
 years the other is free to Marry Provided always  
 that if either the man or the woman shall at any time  
 after the Expiration of 5 years Return and bring full  
 Testimony that he or she hath never been married  
 by writing or message to his known wife or husband  
 that he or she was then living or that they were by Impri-  
 sonment or bond Slavery with the Turks or other Heathen  
 Lawfully hindered from giving such Information it shall  
 and may be Lawful for the said man or woman to  
 Chastise his or her former Marriage and obtain an Order for  
 their Chastising as formerly but if neither shall do for such  
 an Order they may by Mutual agreement Enter a Petition to  
 either of them in the office of Records and both receive free  
 from their former Obligations the said rule shall not be taken  
 as an objection in Lawful Marriages it is provided for such  
 Children as shall be begotten in the Count of Ayr only  
 If any man shall hereafter Publish to marry contrary to the  
 Laws Provided the Person offending shall be proceeded against  
 according for Adultery or fornication according to Evidence the  
 Children here begotten shall be reputed bastards and the Parents  
 shall be liable to such Fines and Penalties by Law or Imprisonment as  
 they have deserved.

If any Person whatsoever shall Publish to marry any Daughter  
 or Servant without the known Consent of the Parents  
 if any be living or any other Person who have not been here-  
 before in the Church or usual Meeting Place or otherwise Legally  
 published or without a special Warrant for his so doing  
 under the hand of the Governor the said Person shall forfeit 20  
 and be put out of the office.

**Masters Servants & Labourers.**

Note Servant either Male or female shall either give Bond  
 or Oath any commodity whatsoever during the time of their  
 Service and the Penalty of fine or Punishment by Warrant  
 under the hand of the Justice of the Peace at the place that  
 he or she shall be bound or ordered or such other  
 Any servant contrary to this Law shall be compelled to  
 restore the said commodity to the Master of such Slave or  
 Servants and forfeit the double Value thereof to the Peace  
 of the Parish where they shall inhabit.

All Labourers and Servants shall work in their Callings  
 being thereunto required the whole day the Master or Ten-  
 allowing them convenient time for food and Rest.

If any Servant shall run away from his Master or  
Deme or any other Inhabitant shall Privily convey them  
away or have Suspicion of such their Evil Intentions Every  
Justice of the Peace or any Constable with two Overseers where  
no Justice is at hand shall have Power to Break open Doors or  
Pinnaces of the Publick Stairs to Pursue such Portents both by Sea  
and Land to bring them back by Force of Arms to Clear them  
of such Crimes or Suspicion thereof.

No man shall receive for Service or Work done his Payment  
in Coin or the usual Rate provided also that no Speciall  
agreement was made before hand for any particular paymt. if so  
then to be Paid in the same Manner as is agreed upon for Consideration  
for default thereof by Arbitration.

If any Master or Dame shall Tyrannically Use or Abuse their  
Servants upon Complaint made by them shewnt to the Constable  
and Overseers they shall be Speedy removed therefrom by Authority  
the Master or Dame not Provoked their Servants and upon the  
second Complaint of the Servants of the like Cause it shall be  
Lawfull for the Constable and Overseers to Protect & Sustaine  
such Servants in their houses till due Order be taken for their  
Redemption in the Insuing Sessions provided that due Notice thereof  
be Speedily given to such Master or Dame and the Cause hereby  
Servants are Protected and Sustaind and in case any Master or  
Dame by such Tyranny and Abuse and not Reasonably shall drive  
out the Servant or the like of any such Man or Maide Servant or shall  
otherwise maim or Hurt them such Servants after due  
proof made shall be set free from their Services and have a  
farther Allowance and Accompanie as the Court of Sessions shall  
Judge meet.

But in Case any Servant or Servants shall Casually Complaine  
against their Master or Dame if they cannot make Proof of a  
Just Occasion for such Complainte such Servants shall by the  
Justices of the Court of Sessions be Enjoyed to serve their  
Master the time Extraordinary gratis for such Unjust Complainte

No Servant Except such as are Duely soe for Life shall be  
Assigned over to any other Master or Dame by themselves their  
Executors or Adminis. for above the space of one year unless  
for good Reasons offered the Court of Sessions shall otherwise  
think fit to Order In which Case the Assignment shall  
stand good otherwise to be Void in Law.

# Military Affairs.

FORASMUCH as good Mannagmt. of the Militia is the Support of all Governments in peac: and Safety to which all Persons of what quality Super: ar: Oblidg<sup>d</sup> in Duty and Conscience in their proportions to be performd according to this good Ord<sup>r</sup> in those following Towns and to be Observed

first that Every Mal: Person above the Ag: of 16 years Except Justice of the Peace High Sheriffs High Constables or Order Sheriffs Petty Constables Ministers Tyffers School Masters Physicians and Chyrurgions Allowed of by two Justices of the Peace or Sessions Publick: Ministers of Law or Clergy about 20 (and constant boardmen or such as for bodily Infirmity or Old ag: shall be Excused by the Justice of the Peace or high Sheriff: shall duly attend all military Exercises and Service as training watching and Guarding when they ar: therunto required and Warned by their Officers under the Penalty of five Shillings for Every Day or Default.

Every Town shall be Provided with a sufficient Store of Powder and a safe convenient Place therunto Adjoyning for keeping Powder and Ammunition under the Penalty of 1000 Pounds and the Constable and Overseers shall provide and maintain for the use of the Towne in Case of Necessity one Carriage of good Powder English Weight one hundred and fifty Pounds of Musquett or Pistoll bullets twenty pound of good Match which they shall carefully receive from time to time as shall be notified Under the Penalty of 5. for the want of such Proportion of Bullett Powder or Match as before Menconed and where there are Artillerys for the Galleries in any Towne the Constable and Overseers shall mount such guns and fit them with Appurtenances for Service and the Constable and Overseers are hereby Authorised to assess Levy and Distroyne upon the Inhabitants for Building Providing Training and Maintaining the Pieces as before Recited if Any wise Neglected.

Besides the Generall Stocks of Each Towne Every Male  
from 16 to 60 yeares of Age Within this Governour, if not  
freed by Publique Allowance, shall if Freeholders at their  
owne if sons or servants at their Parents or Masters Costs and  
Charges be Published with Armes and other suitable Provisions  
hereafter mentioned under the Penalty of 5<sup>s</sup>. for the Lasted. And  
thorowly namely a good Serviceable good Coloured sufficient by his  
military officer to be kept in constant Readines for  
Service with a good Sword bandadoes or Horn a Worme a  
Scowrer and a priming rove: shot bagg and Charge or  
Pound of good Powder four Pound of good Pistoll bullets or  
twenty Lead bullets fitt for the guns four fathom of  
Serviceable Match for a match Locks Lead flints fitt for  
a five Lock gunne and all such or military Officers Armes  
~~and other necessaries~~ hereby required to give or send in an Account  
yearly to the Governour and Councill for the Inhabitants are  
furnished and Provided that the Supply may be altered.

That the Constable and Overseer shall in behalfe of their  
Towne Present to the Governour three Names of the most fit  
Persons in their Towne to be Captain. Lieut and Ensigne to  
whome the Governour shall give forth Commissions Accordingly  
And whoe hath sufficient Exceptions Against either of them  
in which case Constable and Overseer shall Proceed to have  
Election which is to be made by the Plurality of Votes of the  
Souldiers.

That man Elected in any Military office shall receive to  
Except their of or Discharge the full thorn in under the  
Penalty of full Pounds or half to be Payd to the Governour  
and the other half to him that is Chosen in his Place and  
accepts thorn of.

The Captain or Chief Military officer in Each Towne is Em-  
powered once in three months at Least Every yeare or oftner  
if they see good to take a strict View how every man is furnished  
with Armes and Amunition According to Law and where any  
are found faulty they are required to make presentment  
therof to the Constable and Overseers of the said Towne  
that the fine and Penalties may from time to time be by them  
duely Levyed and if this View of Armes and Amunition  
shall at any time be Neglected or the Defects not duely  
Presented the Captain or Chief Military officer shall Pay forty  
Shillings for his Neglect which fine shall be Levyed by the  
Constable and Applyed to the Maintenance of the Publique Stock  
of the Towne.

All fines for the neglect of Soldiers or Captains and  
Chief officers of Military affairs shall be imposed by the  
Court of Honors and not otherwise: but for the neglect of  
Particular Persons by the Constable and Officers

Every Town within this Government shall have Every  
Year four Days of Traying among themselves and they  
shall be always in Each Regiment once in a Year a General  
Traying of all the Towns within that Jurisdiction which may  
be up three Days time the one in coming to the Place Appoin-  
ted the next for their Traying, and the third for their  
Every one to Returne to their Habitations.

Lxxvi.

There shall be Once in two years a General Traying for all  
Soldiers within this Government the time and Place to be at  
the nomination of the Governour.

In the severall Trayings all males about Sixteen years of  
Age who are not freed from that service are to be brought in  
thoroughly handling and ready use of their Armes in all  
Postures of warre to understand and command all words of Command  
and further to fit all such as are and shall be in some Measure  
Instructed for all military service against their so Occasion  
Under the Penalty of  $5^s$  to be Levied upon the Military officers  
as upon Examination they shall be found more or less faulty  
and with respect to their Places the greatest Trust Paying  
the greatest fine for neglect and the Days to be appointed  
for private and general Traying shall be at the most convenient  
time of the year for Traying but not within fourteen Days  
one of another Moreover Every such Traying Day the Master  
General or Chief Military officer present shall cause the Names  
of all the Soldiers to be read in the forenoon and in the afternoon  
also if they be absent and whosoever on any Traying Day shall  
be absent shall pay  $5^s$  for Every such Default whosoever shall  
at any time of the Day withdraw himselfe from the service with-  
out Leave from the Chief Military officer present he shall pay either  
for Default Absence or a greater or lesser fine as the officer present  
in all circumstances may require and whosoever shall Com-  
mit any Slight or Offence of such importance and what fines  
shall be Levied by (virtue) of any neglect or Misbehavior at  
the General Traying of each Jurisdiction the Major Governour  
shall have one third and the other officers two thirds but what  
fines shall happen at the General Traying for the whole Govern-  
ment shall be paid to the Major Governour and one third to the  
(Officers)

All fees arising upon this account and not Expresses for they  
shall be disposed of here to be Employed in the buying of Ordnance  
Powder Halberds and other necessary things Relating to the  
Militia.

The Governor and Council shall send warrants to the Major  
General the Major General to the Captains and Chiefs Officers  
to Draw their Lordship's Commissions to a certain Place or Places  
in the said warrant allowing fourteen Days having in view of  
Grace But if there shall at any time happen within this Governour  
any foreign Invasion or any publick attempt or attempt  
from a common Enemy whether Christian or Pagan or other  
Insurrection or Rebellion against the Lawfull Authority in  
such Cases the Governour by warrant to the Major General  
the Major General to the Sheriff the Sheriff to all Officers  
both Civil and military shall immediately dispatch Orders  
warrants & Precepts to all other Persons whatsoever that upon  
their attempt or acts of force and Imprisonment by the Governour &  
Council they nor any of them do fail to meet upon a certain  
Day and Place in the warrant to be Expressed with their Arms  
and other Military Provision when the Sheriff in Person is also  
to appear and attend there to receive such further Order from  
the Governour and Council.

No third of every Company of what Number soever the  
Company shall consist is to be Drawn to the use of a Match  
Lock Musquet which no man thereunto appointed by the Captains  
shall refuse under the Penalty of twenty Shillings but on the  
contrary shall appear and Execute with the same at all  
times whatsoever under the aforesaid Penalty.

The three Chief Officers of each Company have Power to Punish  
any Soldier or Private that shall Commit Disorder or Contumelious  
upon any Day or time of military Exercise within their Count  
or upon any watch or Ward by such Riding Wooden horse or  
usual military Punishment or by fine not Exceeding Ten  
Shillings or may Commit such Offences to the Constable to be sworn  
to for some Justice of Peace who may bind him to the next  
Court of Sessions or Commit him to Prison if the Cause require  
effences of Contumelious or Disorder all any General Warranting shall be  
heard and adjudged by the Major and the Captains only who have  
Power to double the fine or to double the Punishment upon the offenders  
though not to alter the manner which is Directed to the Chief  
military officers in their Warranting.

If any Person Carreth or bringes Armes or Ammunition with Such  
Intent as he hath if he bring to the Captain so much forni-  
as by appraisment of the said Captain and two other indifferent men  
whosoever he be chosen by the Party shall be adjudged of Greater  
Value by a fifth part then such Armes and Ammunition is of  
he shall be Excused of the Penalty for want of Armes until hee  
be Provided and shal pay that Endeavor to furnish him Armes  
as may be by Sale of such Armes or deposited Rending the over  
Plusse to the Party But if any Person shall not be able to  
Provide him selfe Armes and Ammunition through more Poverty  
if he be Impov. he shall be put to service by the Constable and  
overseer of the Place where he dwelle or they shall Provide  
him Armes and Ammunition and shall appoint him when and  
with whom to worke without.

Upon any Expedition upon occasion of an Enemy or any Project  
Military Service to be done all Smiths and other Artificers Work-  
men shall immediately repair such Armes and other necessary  
as shall be brought unto them for that End for which they  
shall not receive such pay as the Party afford upon the Penalty  
of five Poundes for Every such Default and for such Neglect  
all any other more then Twenty shall forfeit for Every  
such offence three shillings

No man shall be Compelled to bear Armes or pay Ransome by  
Fra or Law without the bounds and Limits of this Governour  
but from the said bounds no man shall be Exempted.

All of France and other Countries upon Indians shall be  
maintained by a General Allowance proportionable in Each Colony  
according to the Pay and Custom of England to Souldiers and  
half pay to Officers

In Respect of the Mutuall and Brotherly Assistance which  
wee ought at all times to cherish and Improve for the hope  
and Support of our English Neighbourhood in either his Majesty's  
Colonies the Governour and Councill may act at all times and  
in all Places by Writ of Span or otherwise Call to either List  
raise Armes and send forth out of this Governour to the  
Relief of any Neighbour Colony if all such is for many men  
as shall be lawfully Present there to the Justice of the  
Souldiers or freemen with this distinction only that if any Souldier  
making use of that pretext to Escape from his Master shall  
be absent himselfe from his Colony and not returne if  
Living with his Officer such Souldier so offending shall be  
to be Punished by death according to the Discipline of Warre and  
the Master of such a Souldier shall have reasonable Satisfaction  
allowed by the Governour for such Damage and to all Voluntary  
Souldiers soe Layd shall be allowed one Monthes Pay and

Made good by a General Agreement proportioned to each part  
all further charges are to be defrayed by the Colony to whom  
assistance they are Employed and all Justices of Peace Sheriffs  
High Constables and other officers are Empowrd & required  
to suppress and hinder all Leagues of Soldiers by Oath of  
Omnibus or otherwise to be compassed but such as shall be  
Authorized by his R. In the Imperial Warrant or the Governor  
and Council here Established.

X All Inferiour Military officers shall Punctually obey the Orders  
of their Superiours in their Marches, quarters and Watches with  
out murmuring or expining under the Penalty of being fined at the  
discretion of the Major Generall and Captains from whose Sentence  
no Appeals shall be made to any Inferiour Court nor Abatement  
granted Except by the Governor and Council.

X All Soldiers shall be respective to their Officers and Obey  
to their Comand in their Marching quartering and watching as  
well as Draying while they are required to attend the Service  
under the Penalty for their Disobedience in Ordinary occasions  
of 5. Bull in Cas. Such Disobedience shall happen b. for the sake  
of an Enemy or when it is reasonably expected that the Enemy is  
at hand to make an Assault in such Cas. the Officer or Officers  
shall Commit such Person into Custody and at the next Court  
Time either to Sentence the Offender to some grievous Punishment  
by a Court martiall or commit the body thereto to the Care of  
a Prisoner who are Empowred to hear Examine and determine the  
Cause and Lay what Punishment the Court shall think fit to impose  
upon the Offender.

X If any man Appointed to Stand Sentinall shall be found Sleep-  
ing during that Duty where by the Lives of others are in danger  
he shall pay forty Shillings or suffer other Military Punish-  
ment but if he shall come off from being Sentinall without being  
relieved he shall forfeit £

Every man that absents himselfe from the watch without  
leave from his officer shall pay 5. and with Leave shall fine  
another in his place but if a man shall depart from the watch  
without Leave from his officer he shall forfeit 10. or more with  
other pains and Penalties according to the Merits of the Damage  
that may ensue thereon.

That no Troop of horse shall exceed the number of forty Troopers  
besides officers (Lieut. a Captain a Drum a Quarter Master  
and three Corporalls) while officers and Privats Troopers are to observe  
the same times for muster and Exercise in military Discipline with all other  
Circumstances Enjoyed upon the foot Officers and Soldiers  
Respectively Mutatis Mutandis. as before.

Every Troop: Listed in any Troop of horse: shall be and  
maintaine a good horse for service when required fitted  
with saddle, bridle, holster and Pistols and a Cavaline and a  
good sword, under the Penalty of Linn Shillings for the Least  
of foot neither shall any Trooper sell or Change his horse: -  
and Leave himselfe destitute under the Penalty of 5<sup>o</sup> and  
for non appearance upon dayes of muster and Exercise: -  
Linn Shillings. & daye neither is it Lawfull for any Trooper  
to disband himselfe, but with Leave from his Captaine under  
the Penalty of fifty Shillings.

All officers both of horse and foot shall from time to time  
be by their Superior officers in all things Relating to the  
military affairs of this Government and all other Penalties for  
offences in either officers or Souldiers of a Troop of horse  
shall be in the same manner and Applied to such uses as  
are, etc. wh. directed and ordained in Relation to the foot  
officers and Souldiers

## Officers and Offices.

All Sheriffs Under Sheriffs or High Constables shall not  
Change yearly Only the Under Sheriffs or High Constables by  
Speciall Warrant may Continue in his Office and Justices of  
the Peace are to Continue in their Places During the Governours  
Pleasures.

Justices of Courts, Juries and Marshalls are to Continue in  
their Places during their good behaviour for breach of  
which they are Punishable by the Loss of their Places  
and fees at the discretion of the Court.

That the Governour and Council may by Speciall Warrant  
displace any officer made or chosen within this Government  
for neglecting of his office or other notorious misdemeanours  
or behaviour in which case the Constable and Overseers of the  
Towne shall proceed to a new Election to supply the vacancie  
as if the officer were dead according to the Rules Pertinent  
for Election of Towne officers.

## Orphans

That all Persons who have or shall have any Estate of  
goods Chattels or Lands in their Possessions belonging to any  
that are Under age shall Exhibit an Inventory and Account  
of the said Estate within three Months next after.

Publication of this Law to the Respective Courts of Sessions  
whosoever such Estate is and afterwards yearly and in Case any  
Person or Persons who have such Estate in their hands do not  
at the time and Place aforesaid Present the Inventory and  
account of such Estate aforesaid that then the said business  
be sent to the Next Court of Assize where the offender shall  
be fined for Neglecting of Exhibiting such Inventory and  
account as aforesaid and if any good Improvement  
shall not been made of the Estate and if it shall be thought  
convenient to continue it in the said Persons hands he or  
they shall give bond Caution and Security otherwise it  
shall be removed into the hands of some other able  
and discreet Person or Persons as the Court shall appoint  
Upon the Caution aforesaid

## Overseers.

All Overseers shall be Eight in Number men of good  
fame and Life chosen by the Plurality of Freeholders of free-  
holders in each Town. Whosoever shall remain in their  
office two years successively and four shall be changed for  
New ones every year. Which Election shall Proceed the  
Election of Constables in Point of time in regard the Constables  
for the year ensuing is to be chosen out of that Number  
which are Dimitted from their office of Overseers the New  
chosen Overseers are to be Presented to the Constables and Over-  
seers to be confirmed by the Justice of the Peace at the Next Sessions  
ensuing or by any Justice of the Peace of the same Riding  
out of Sessions the oath appointed for Overseers being admin-  
istered unto them.

Any one Overseer upon Sundry and necessary occasion the  
Constable being not at hand or not in health to Perform his office  
may take upon him the authority of a Constable provided that  
he carry with him the Staff of the office which shall be a  
Sufficient warrant to any such Overseer to act by Virtue thereof  
in his R. J. C. name as any Constable might or ought to do

That whosoever being duly Elected shall refuse to serve  
as an Overseer he shall Pay the same fine and to the same  
Use as is appointed for a Constable Refusing to serve  
in his office.

# Payments -

All payments upon contracts and Engagem<sup>ts</sup> shall be  
satisfied in Km<sup>o</sup>: according to Covenant. Provided that  
in such case where payment in Km<sup>o</sup>: according to Covenant  
is by some inevitable accident hindered which could not  
be foreseen all just Damages may be satisfied by garnish  
with the Debt by Arbitration but in no case shall the  
Creditor be forced to relinquish his just Privilege to be  
satisfied in Km<sup>o</sup>: according to Covenant.

## Packer Cask Cooper Gager.

That all Cask used for any Liquors fish brife Pork: or  
other Comodities to be put to sale shall be of London Assize  
of sound and well seasoned Timber and that fit Persons shall  
be appointed from time to time in all Places needfull to gage  
all such Caskets or Casks and such as shall be found of other  
Assize shall be marked with the gagers Mark: who shall  
have for his Paynt 4. of Curr<sup>ts</sup> and Every Cooper shall have  
a distinct brand mark: upon his own Cask: upon the Penalty  
of forfeiting twenty shillings and whosoever shall put to sale  
any new Cask being defective either in workmanship Timber  
or Assize as aforesaid upon due proof made before any of the  
Country shall forfeit ten shillings of Curr<sup>ts</sup> and so: Proportionally  
for Greater or Lesser Cask: and be punished: thereof may be no  
neglect in the choice of a Gager or Packer that Every Constable  
within this Jurisdiction whome any Cask: are made shall yearly  
make choice of a fit man for that Employment to be sworn  
Preserved by the Constable: within one Month after Charges  
made before the next Justice: of the Peace: shall then take  
the Oath belonging to his Place which if he shall refuse to do  
shall pay the Sum: of forty shillings and another shall be sworn  
in his room: Also the Constable: shall either of them  
suffer the like Penalty for their Neglect of this Order and Every  
Gager or Packer shall be: that all Cask: the Packs booff: Pork:  
or Makers: fish or other goods committed to his care be of true  
and full Assize: and that he Pack: the same in no other  
Cask: whatsoever on the Penalty of ten shillings for Every  
Cask: by him Packod that is or shall be: defective in that Respect  
one half to the Informer and the other half to the  
Governour.

# Pipes Staves.

That the Constables and overseers in all Townes within this Government where Pipes Staves shall be shipped doe from time to time as aforesaid shall require Nominate two more of each Towne skillfull in the Comodity and such as shall attend the service to be Owners of Pipe Staves who so chosen shall be by the Constable Convoaled before some Justice of Peace to be sworn diligently and faithfully to view and search and such Pipe Staves a fawer to be transported and to be used for making of Right Cask: who shall pass by all such as they shall judge not Merchantable both in respect of forme hole and butt (VV) that are not more than eight foot: foot and a half: in breadth three Inches and a half: without Sappin thickness: three quarters of an Inch and not more or less than an eighth Part: of an Inch than three quarters thick: well and even hewed and sufficient for use: and they or some one of them shall at all times upon request give allowance: and they shall enter into a book: the Number of such Merchantable Pipe Staves as they shall approve and for whom: and if any man shall put on board or other board any Pipe Staves other than what shall be so then searched and approved by the End to be transported to any Place: Except they should be transported for Dry Cask: he shall forfeit the same whole: Part of the Value: thereof and the Owners shall be allowed 2 for every thousand of Pipe Staves which they shall search as well the same as the Merchantable to be payed by him that sell him on board.

And if any Master or other officer of any Shipp or other Vessel shall bring into such Shipp or Vessel any Part of Pipe Staves to be transported as aforesaid which shall not be searched and allowed as Merchantable and so: certified by a not: Order the hand of one of the said Owners such Master shall forfeit for every thousand of Pipe Staves so: unduly received 5: Except he can shew one of the said Owners to come on board and search such Staves as shall be delivered into the ship PROVIDED Cask: or v. fur: Staves or other Roddick Staves may be transported into this Parts which may be of good use: for Dry Cask: the: as the same be carryed to distinct Parts and not Intermixt with Merchantable Staves

# Possession

Every Person or Persons that hath either by himselfe or his Assign: or grants Possession and Occupie any Lands or houses as his or their proper Right in fee simple within this Government and shall so continue whether in their own Persons their heirs or assigns or by any other Person or Persons from or under them

Whom in Possession as aforesaid without Disturbance: Lett  
Faith or Oynall Legality made to such Land or house for the  
Term of four years and shall so remain without any  
Claim or Demand Entered against the Possessor before the  
first Day of September which shall be in the year of our  
Lord 1665 shall from and after the said first Day of  
September and forever Enjoy the same without any Lett  
Faith or Disturbance or Demand any Claim or Demands of  
any Person to the contrary Notwithstanding Provided that  
it shall be Lawfull for any Person that find himselfe  
Agrieved herein to make his Appeal to R. J. C.

## Prisons and Stocks

Every Parish shall at their Charge Provide a Pair of  
Stocks for offenders and a pound for Pounding of Cattle  
Prisons and Pillories as Likewise to be Provided in those  
Counties where the severall Courts of Sessions shall be hold.

That the Justices of Peace of each Riding shall Chuse a  
Piece of ground to be Laid out in the same County where  
there shall be a House shall be kept whereon shall be built a House  
and Prison for the detaining of the Charges thereof  
and it to be made throughout each Riding at the next  
Court of Sessions following the first Assizes.

The Pound and Stocks shall be Provided in each County  
under the Penalty of forfeiting forty shillings for each  
County for their Neglect therein for every Month after  
Warning from the Governour.

## Publique Affaires

Whereas this Governour may in many Occasions be  
Disappointed of News and Speedy Information of Publique  
Affaires out of England as well as out of the Neighbouring  
Colonies to the remedy of such faults and Inconveniences  
Every Constable to whom any Letter shall come directed  
to the Governour Addressed on the back side of the Letter with  
the name of any of his Maj.<sup>ty</sup> Principall Secretaries of State  
or his R. J. C. Secretary or with the name of any one of  
the Governours of any of his Maj.<sup>ty</sup> Colonies of New England  
or any Letter sent from the Governour to the Sheriff or  
any of the Justices of Yorkshire upon Long Island and so  
Addressed as aforesaid shall dispatch them within three hours  
at the furthest after Receipt thereof to the next Constable

Constable and for forwards as the Letters direct upon the Penalty  
of 40 for every Hours Delay and in such Case all Constables are  
Empowered to Press a sufficient Horse and Man for that Purpose  
allowing for horse and man Satisfaction six pence for each mile  
travell which shall be discounted to each Constable in the  
Publick rates.

## Records.

All records of bargains and Sales or any other Convoion  
Admitions or Probats of wills with the North and West Riding  
shall be transmitted to the office of Records at New York  
with the Fees ordained for the same within one month after  
the Records shall be made in the Courts as is Else where Provided  
if in the East Riding within two Months.

Provided always notwithstanding that Purchases of  
Lands under the Value of thirty Pounds are not to be  
to be Recorded at New York but in the County where such  
Purchases are made or any other Sessions.

## Saylers.

To prevent many Misarrriages which are frequently  
Committed by Saylers by their irregular Drinking and other  
vain Expenses in Ordinaries where by the Masters and Owners  
of the Vessells to which they belong may be prejudiced by  
Arresting or detaining such Saylers for Debt when their  
Shipp are Ready to Sitt Sail. Noe Victuals or Indifferant  
other Sells of Wine Beer or other Strong Liquors shall after  
the first Day of March 1664 be sold or Recovered  
by Law any Debt or Dollars to be paid by any Saylers in any  
place where they are not within the Jurisdiction and Except  
the Master or Owner of such Shipp Consent to it by a  
written being given under his hand to Discharge the  
same.

## Sheriff

The High Sheriff from year to year shall be a  
Justice of the Peace in the Riding where he inhabits during  
the time of his office by virtue thereof  
The High Sheriff shall have Power to Issue forth any  
writ or warrant according to the Nature of the Plaint.

The High Sheriff may if he please or see cause forth  
write as choice in any of the Meetings or Courts of what  
Persons whose hee thinks.

The High Sheriff shall have the Nomination of the  
Marshals in Each Riding and is to take Security of them  
That Each Riding shall have their Turne in having a  
Sheriff chosen within their Jurisdiction successively and  
the Justice in the Last Session before the Expiration of  
the Office of the then Sheriffs shall Present to the Governor  
in Writing the Names of three Persons within their Jurisdiction  
out of which the Governor may make Choice of one to be  
Sheriff for the year ensuing

## Townships

Whereas in Particular Towns & many things doe  
arise which concerne only themselves and to their Ordering  
their Affairs as the disposing planting Building or the  
Use of their own Lands and Woods Granting of Lots Election  
of Officers Appoynting of Rates with many other Matters of a  
Particular Nature tending to the Peace and Good Government  
of the respective Towns the Constables by and with the Consent  
of the Justices of the Peace or otherwise by the time being  
shall have Power to ordaine such and good many Peculiar Statutes  
as are necessary to the Welfare and Improvement of the same  
Provided they be not of a Criminal Nature And that the  
Penalties exceed not twenty shillings for one offence and that  
they be not Repugnant to the Common and Publick Lawes  
And if any Inhabitant shall refuse or Neglect to observe  
them the Constable and Overseer shall have Power to Levy  
such fine by Distress.

If any Person shall behave himselfe offensively at any Town  
Court towards or before the Constable and Overseer they  
shall have Power to Sentence him for such offence the  
Penalty not exceeding twenty shillings

Provided always that every such Peculiar Constitution  
be confirmed by the next Court of Sessions after the  
making thereof otherwise to be void and of none  
Effect.

# Othes.

All Votes in the Private affairs of Particular Towns shall  
be given and Determined by the Inhabitants freholders and  
measurers Committed to Arbitration or all Sorts either as to Juries  
in all cases or to Justices upon the Bench whose the Law is not  
pleas'd shall be Carried by the Major Parts of the Suffrages  
The Minor Part to be Concluded by the Vote of the Major.

# Warrants.

All Writing Warrants or Licences under the Governours  
Hand and Seale shall be Setform'd and Observed as speciall  
Warrants or Licences to all Intents and Purposes.

# Weights & Measures

That the High Constable in Each Riding shall Provide  
at the Publick Charge Several Standards of Weights and  
measures which shall be Sealed with a Common Seale appointed for  
that Purpose that they may be unchangeable and remaine  
for ever a set of Standards Weights to Four pound with the Lette  
weights Enclaved according to London weight Consisting  
of sixteen ounces with a good beam of fit to be 19 and 1/2  
Inch for pound measures that they be one bushell one Peck and  
one half Peck to be fitted to Winchester Measure in England  
and Measure for Liquids as the ale quart wine quart wine  
Pint and half-pints and that there be one Ell & one yard  
That all and each may be according to the General Custom  
of England and that in goods sold by the hundred weight  
there and in other to be allowed Except in Retail to be sold by  
the hundred to which six Score is to be allowed by the hundred  
and in goods sold by the Ell and yard one thumb breadth to be  
allowed to the Length of the Ell and yard that the Constable &  
Overseer shall Chuse some fit man in Each Town to be Sealer  
of such Weights and Measures which man so chosen they shall  
Present to the Next Court of Sessions there to be Sworn to  
the faithful Discharge of his Duty and he shall have Power  
to send forth his Warrant by the Constable to all the Inhabitants  
of that Town to bring in all such Weights and Measures as they  
make use of once in every year at such time and Place as they

Who shall appoint and then to fix them to the Standard above  
mentioned and make them with the Towns mark - and the Sealer  
shall have for Every weight and Measure from the Owners  
thor: of the Pence at the first Sealing and for Growing and  
Sealing them yearly after one Penny a bush weight and  
Measure as cannot be brought to their Just Standard he shall  
do fact ~~one~~ Destroy them and if any High Constable - Overseer  
or Sealer shall Neglect his or their Duty and trust he or they  
shall pay as a fine to the Town forty shillings and Every  
Person that after due Notice given shall Neglect to bring in  
his weight and Measure he shall pay three shillings and four  
Pence for Every such default the one half to the Sealer -  
and the other half to the Town: and if at any time any Person  
within this Government shall buy or sell by any sales or Challenge  
weight or Measure to the Damage of his Neighbour he shall  
forfeit (besides Correction) double the Value to the Town -

## Witnesses.

No man or woman shall be Put to Death without the  
Testimony of two or more witnesses the Confession of the Party  
or other Equivocal Circumstances.

In all Cases whether Civil or Criminal but not Capital, especially  
under the Cognizance of a Constable and Overseer it shall be  
Lawful for the Constable to require and take the Oath of any  
Witness - about the age of fourteen years and of sound Under-  
standing and make record thereof. That if any Court of  
Assize or Sessions shall at any time make a Record of any  
such Cause the Evidence may appear.

Every witness in any Action may require as due to him  
from the Party at the Suit he appears two shillings Exp-  
ense for Every day's attendance whether he gives in his  
Evidence voluntarily or being served with a Subpoena it is in  
his choice whether he will appear or Not.

It is always to be understood that the Party Delinquent or Party  
whether in Civil or Criminal Cases shall pay all charges of  
what kind soever which arise from the Prosecution of the  
Suite.

## Wolves.

If any Person whether Christian or Indian shall at any  
time bring the head of a Wolf or Hound to any Constable upon  
Long Island the said Constable is required to take two of the  
Overseers to him and then and there to pay and satisfy such  
Person or Persons to the Value of an Indian Buck to be allowed

Out of the Publick Charge of the Towne wateres Provided always  
that the Constable and Overseer shall require the oath of every  
Christian who brings the head of a Wolfe or Wolves ~~or any other~~  
~~Wolfe~~ with the time and Circumstances and Killed upon Long  
Island only. Provided also that the Constable and Overseer have  
due regard of such Wolfe or Wolves brought by the Indians that  
they approve to be fresh and newly Killed upon Long Island and  
not Old where And the Constable and Overseer are to cause the  
head to be Nailed onto the doors of the Constable house to remaine  
as also the cut of both the Eares in London that the head is bought  
and Payd for.

## Wrecks.

If any Shipper or vessell belonging to either friend or Enemy shall  
cast any time upon the Shipp or wreck upon any of the Coast of this  
Government they shall not wrong or violence be done or  
offered to their Persons or goods but their Persons shall be  
kept bound and releived and their goods preserved from Spoile  
and Imbeilment and all Justices of the Peace Mayors Sheriffs  
High Constables Petty Constables and Overseers are strictly  
charged to be vigilant therein and upon notice of any such  
Accident within any of those Places to repair to the Place  
and give Order therein for the releife of the Persons and Saving  
of the goods until Notice thereof be given to the Governour and  
Council who will proceed therein according to the Lawes of  
England and cause fit Satisfaction to be given to such as  
have bene Employed there time and Labour to the Preserving such  
Persons and goods And the said goods if they belong to friends  
and by warrant from the Governour and Council to be Restored  
to the Owners if any can be found or known.

Alsoe any Whale or any such Like great fish that shall be  
Cast upon the Shore of any Province shall be taken into the  
Care of any of the Officers above Mentioned to be Kept or  
imprised where it cannot be Kept and by such Officers only  
until the Governour and Council after Notice sent shall  
give further Order therein.

And the Acknowledgment which shall be Received to  
be Payd for the Whale or such Like great fishes Cast  
upon the Shore of any Province shall be the fiftieth  
Gallon

(JAMES)

Concordatium originall

By Command of his Royall Highnesse  
M. Wren.

The formes of Summons Attachments  
Replewms.

To A. B. of C Carpenter

Summons

You are in his R. H. name required to appear at the  
next Court of Sessions holding at L. in the E. Riding  
of York shire upon Long Island on the Day of  
next ensuing to answer the Complaint of J. K. for  
with holding a Debt of £. 100 upon bond or bill or for  
two heafers he sold you by him or for work done or for  
a horse plow done him in his own or hay by your fallow  
for a slander done him in his name or for striking  
and the like and how of you are not to fail at your Obed  
dated the Day of and in the year of our Lord 16

Attachment

You are in his R. H. name required to attach the body  
and goods of J. K. and to take him to the value  
of with sufficient surety or sureties for his appearance at  
the next Court of Sessions holding at L. in the N. Riding  
of York shire upon Long Island on the Day of the Month  
of the year and there to answer the Complaint of  
M. O. for £. as before and to make a true Return thereto  
of order your hands Dat.

Replewin

You are how by Required in his R. H. name to replew three  
heafers of P. Q. now distrained or Impounded by R. S. and to  
deliver them to the said P. Q. provided he give bond to the value  
of with sufficient Surety or Sureties to prosecute his  
Replew at the next Court of Sessions holding at T. in the  
West Riding of York shire upon Long Island and for from Court  
to Court till the cause be ended and to pay such costs and damages  
as the said R. S. shall recover by Law against him and to  
make a true Return thereof under your hand Dated &c.

I know all men by these Presents that A. B. of C yeoman  
and D. E. of the same Parishes due binds our selves our  
heires Executors to J. K. High Sheriffs or H. J. Constable

of Oafordaid in Pound upon condition that the said  
A. B. shall personally appear at the next Court of Session  
holden at K in the North Riding of York. shire upon Long  
Island to answer L. M. in action of and to abide  
the order of the Court therein and not to depart without  
Licence.

JAMES.  
Concordat Cum Originali

By Demand of his Royal Highness  
M. Wren.

# The Oath of Fidelity to his Royal Highness.

I. A. B. doo swear that I aming the faith and alledge-  
ance due to our Sovereign Lord the King will be true  
and faithful so long as I shall be a member of this Colony  
to his Royal H<sup>ch</sup> James Duke of York and Albany and the  
Lord Proprietor of this Colony and of New York and the  
Islands and Places thereunto belonging and to his heirs  
and Lords Propriet. of the same and to his or their L<sup>ts</sup> or  
Chiefe Governor here for the time being and will not  
at any time by words or actions in Publick or Private  
wittingly or wilfully any way derogate from such will  
at all times as occasion shall require to the utmost of  
my Power defend and maintaine all such his S. R. H<sup>ch</sup>  
and his heirs just and Lawfull Rites Titles Inherrent  
Privileges Jurisdiction prerogatives property and Dominion  
ours and in the S<sup>d</sup> Colony and Islands and Places thereunto  
belonging and over the People who are or shall be therein  
for the same being as are Granted his S. R. H<sup>ch</sup> and his  
heirs by our Sovereign Lord the King Charles the Second  
in his S. R. H<sup>ch</sup> Patent under the Great Seal of England  
not any wayes Underscore to Infringe or Prejudice Liberty  
of Conscience in Point of Religion and I doo also swear  
that I will with all Expedition discover unto his S. R. H<sup>ch</sup>  
or to his L<sup>ts</sup> or other Chiefe Governor and the S<sup>d</sup> Colony for  
the time being and use my best Indavours to prevent any  
Plot Conspiracie or Ambinacion which I shall know or have  
Just cause to suspect or shall be intended ag<sup>t</sup> the Person  
of his S. R. H<sup>ch</sup> or his heirs shall find any wayes to the Dimin-  
ishing or Suppression of his S. R. H<sup>ch</sup> or his heirs their  
Right Title Jurisdiction and Dominion afores<sup>d</sup> or any Part  
thereof and I doo swear that I will not either by my selfe  
or by any other Person or Persons directly or indirectly take  
Accept Receive Purchase or Possesse any Lands Tenements  
or Beneficiments within the S<sup>d</sup> Colony of New York or the Islands  
or Places thereunto belonging from any Indian or Indians  
to any other use or uses but to the use of his S. R. H<sup>ch</sup> and his  
heirs Lords and Proprietors of this Colony or lawfully

from any other Person or Persons not deriving a  
Legal Title therunto by from or Under some Grant  
from his R. H. or his Heires Lordes and Proprietors  
of his Colony Legally Paied or to be Paied Under his  
or thores Great Seale of the said Colony for the time  
being (So help mee God)

We severall Oaths of one of  
the Council, a Justice of the  
Peace High Sheriffe.

You being admitted of the Council to the Governour  
under his R. H. the Duke of York. within those  
Territories Comprehended in his Maj<sup>ty</sup> Letters Patents  
God Incare by the Ever Living God that you will to  
the best of your Judgement and at all times freely  
give your advice to the Governour for the good Manag<sup>mt</sup>  
of the Publique affairs of this Government and that  
you will not reveal directly or indirectly such matters  
as shall be debated in Council or committed to your Secrecy  
but will in all things be a true and faithfull Councellor.  
When you shal have thoreunto required (So help mee God)

High Sheriffe.

Whereas you are chosen and appointed by the Governour  
and Council Established under his R. H. the Duke of York.  
to be High Sheriffe for this present year 166. and ever  
your thers you doe Swere by the Ever Living god that  
you will discharge the Trust reposed in you with a good Conscience  
and Diligence and without Partiality to Person you hold by  
your selfe or your sufficient Deputy Issue out all <sup>such</sup> writs  
Attachments Executions Judgements as Properly to your Office  
and Punctually observe all Warrs to you directed from any  
Court or Superior Authority of this Government you will from  
time to time call the High Constables of each Liberty to an  
Account for all fines Levied and all other Publick  
monies in thoir hands and deliver the same to such Officer  
in thore duty to the Governour and Council being your best  
Endevour for the Collecting and bringing the said Summe to the  
Governour and Council at New York: you will also Receive

yearly a true Account and make good Payment thereof and  
will in all things behave your self according to the Quality of  
your office - and so help you God.

## Justice of the Peace

Whereas you are Chosen and Appointed by the Governor  
and Council Established Under his Majesty's Letters under the Great  
Seal of Great Britain to be a Justice of  
the Peace over the Jurisdiction W. N. E. Riding of York-  
shire upon Long Island you do Swear by the Ever Living  
God that you will truly Endeavour to the best of your Skill  
with a good Conscience and according to the Laws of this  
Government to give Justice Equally and Impartially to all  
Men and to all Persons who shall be Committed to your Office  
you are Empowered so to help you God.

## High Constable and Sheriff

Whereas you are Nominated and Confirmed by the  
Governor and Council Under his Majesty's Letters under the Great  
Seal of Great Britain to be the High Constable within the Jurisdiction of W.  
N. E. Riding of York-shire upon Long Island you do Swear  
by the Ever Living God that you will discharge the Trust  
reposed in you with a good Conscience and Diligence in all things  
wherunto you are Empowered by Law you will Execute and perform  
all manner of Warrants, Writs or Summons or the Like which shall  
come to your Direction from the Governor and Council the Justices  
of the Peace within that Riding or the High Sheriffs of York-  
shire you will truly and Diligently take the Accounts from  
each Petty Constable and then deliver to the High Sheriffs  
with the Names of the Constable or Constables as shall fail  
in their Office in the Collecting and bringing to you such Sum-  
or Summs as are due to the Publick within their Respective  
Towns so to help you God.

## Constable

Whereas you are Chosen in your Town and confirmed by the  
Justices of the Peace of the Riding to be Constable of the  
Town of \_\_\_\_\_ for one year and until another be chosen in  
your Place you do Swear by the Ever Living God that you will  
carefully Endeavour the performing of the Peace and the Execution  
and Preservation of all Warrants against the same you will duly  
Execute all Warrants which shall be sent unto you from the Governor

and Councils Established under the Great Charter of York.  
and Faithfully Execute all such Warrants and Orders of what  
Nature so ever from the Court Established by Law with your  
 utmost Care and Diligence: impartially in all Faithfully  
and with what Speed you can Lay out such fines rates and  
sums of money due to the Relligion in such Manner or Manner  
as shall be for which you shall have sufficientARRANT Rendering  
an Account thereof and thereof to the High Court and  
with like Faithfulness Speed and Diligence: in the same all  
Attachments Executions Writs in Criminal Causes between  
Party and Party according to the Statutes of Court and  
usual: voluntary thereof to the Court they are Returnable  
in to the same Court and so forth you shall frequently advise  
and Consult with and where any Discrepancy or with within  
your County and Limits by small Accounts or otherwise  
if by Law Appointed you shall appoint a prudent Number  
of the Overlookers of your County and Limits to sit as a Court  
Court for the hearing determining or Composing all Matters  
pertaining to your Cognizance and in all things to have  
your self at the Court the Office of a Constable: and your  
Duty to the Laws of this Government SO BEHEP YOU  
GOD

## OVERSEER

Whereas you are chosen & appointed  
an overseer in the County of . . . You do  
swear By the Everliving God That  
you will faithfully & diligently discharge  
the Trust reposed in you in relation to  
the publick & Common Affairs according  
to the Laws Established without favor  
Affection or partiality to any person  
or Cause which shall fall under your  
Cognizance as an overseer And at all  
times when so shall be required by your  
Superiors to attend the private differences  
of Neighbors so will endeavor to reconcile

Them & in all Cases Conscientiously  
& according to the best of yo<sup>r</sup> Judgment  
deliver yo<sup>r</sup> Voice in the Towne Meetings  
of Constable & overseers So help  
you God ~

You do swear by the Everliving God  
That you will Conscientiously deliver  
yo<sup>r</sup> Verdict in the cause Depending  
betweene A B. & C. D. in this Court  
according to the Evidence Given you &  
the Lawes of this Government  
So help you God: ~

You do swear by the Everliving God  
That you will conscientiously Try &  
truelij deliver your Verdict betweene  
our Sovereign Lord the King & the  
prison<sup>r</sup> at the Barre according to yo<sup>r</sup>  
Evidence & the Lawes of this Countrey  
So I help you God

you do swear by the Everliving God that  
if Evidence you shall give into this Court  
concerning the Cause or person now in  
Question shall bee y<sup>e</sup> Truth the whole  
Truth & nothing but the Truth so help  
you god

Whereas you are chosen & appointed  
Marshall for this Jurisdiction you  
do swear by the Everliving God To  
bee true and faitfull in yo<sup>r</sup> office Not  
to suffer wittn<sup>l</sup>ij or willingly any  
Prison<sup>r</sup> committed w<sup>o</sup> yo<sup>r</sup> Charge to escape  
nor to sett any Prison<sup>r</sup> at libertij without  
a legall warr<sup>t</sup> for his deliv<sup>r</sup>ence as also  
that you will not exact extravagant  
prices but conform<sup>e</sup> yo<sup>r</sup> selfe to the  
Rates allowed for the Lodging & diet  
of Prison<sup>r</sup> without fraud or corruption  
So helpe you God

Whereas you are chosen Apprizer  
of such goods lands houses or Cattle  
which are now under yo<sup>r</sup> consideracon  
you do here swear by the Everliving  
God That all partialitij prejudice  
or any sinister Respects layd aside you  
will apprise the same & every part  
ther<sup>e</sup> of according to the true value  
ther<sup>e</sup> of at the price now Currant  
according w<sup>o</sup> yo<sup>r</sup> best Judgm<sup>t</sup> and  
Conscienc<sup>e</sup> So helpe you God

W<sup>h</sup>ereas You are chosen & appointed View<sup>er</sup>  
of Pipestaves within the Towne of  
you do sweare By the Everliving god That  
at all convenient times whilst you shall  
bee in place or shall bee Required to Execute  
yo<sup>r</sup> office You will diligently attend the  
same & without favor Affection or Carryp<sup>ar</sup>  
-tion sort all Pipestaves presented to you  
Rejecting such as are Not Merchantable  
and make a true Entry thereof according  
to law So help you God.

You do sweare By the name of the  
Everliving God That in the Office of a  
Surveyor you will according to yo<sup>r</sup> Best  
Skill & Ability diligently & faithfully  
discharge the Trust committed to you with-  
out fraude or corruption So help you  
God

You do sweare by the name of the Ever-  
living God That in the office of a public  
notary you shall demean yo<sup>r</sup> selfe  
diligently & faithfully according to the  
duty of yo<sup>r</sup> office And in all writing  
Instruments & articles That you are  
-to give Testimonij unto when you shall  
bee required you shall performe the same  
truly and sincerely according to the natu<sup>r</sup>

There of without delay 6<sup>th</sup> Corin and  
you shall Enter & keepe a true regist<sup>r</sup>  
of all such things as belong to yo<sup>r</sup> office  
So help you God

Whereas you A B are chosen  
packer of beefe Porke & other things  
the Towne of you do herec Swear  
by the name of the Everliving God That  
you will well & truly packe all Beefe  
porke & other things when you shall be  
there unto required. you shall packe  
no kinde of goods but such as are good  
and sound nor any goods in any cask  
that is not of a just & full Gage you  
shall also set yo<sup>r</sup> perticular Marke upon  
all Cask packed by you & in all  
things proper to the place of a packer you  
shall faitfullij discharge the same  
from time to time according to yo<sup>r</sup> best  
Judm<sup>t</sup> & Conscience So help you  
God

You being admitted of the councell  
to the Govern<sup>r</sup> under his Royall high-  
nesse the duke of Yorke within these  
Territorijes comprehended in his Ma<sup>ties</sup>  
letters p<sup>at</sup>ents do Swear by the Ever-  
living god That you will to the best

45  
of your Iudm<sup>t</sup> & at all Times freely give yo<sup>r</sup>  
Advice to the Govern<sup>r</sup> for the good managem<sup>t</sup>  
of the publycke Affayres of this governm<sup>t</sup> and  
that you will not Reveale directly or indirect  
ly such matt<sup>r</sup> as shall bee debated in Coynsell  
or committed to yo<sup>r</sup> Secrecij But will in all  
thinges bee a true and faithfull Coyncellor  
when you are there unto Required So  
help you God. =

The Comes of Simons Attachm<sup>t</sup> & d

To A, B of C Carpenter: You  
in his Maties name are required to appear  
at the next Court holden at (D) on the day  
of the Moneth of next ensueing to answer  
the complaint of E, F for withholding  
a debt of die upon a Bond or Bill or  
for two heifers &c. sold you by him or for  
worke or for a Trespass done him in his  
Corn or Hay by your cattle or for a Slander  
done him in his Name, or for striking him  
or the like And here of you are not to